

Operating and installation instructions

REMKO RBW PV series

Hot-water heat pumps

Air/water system for hot-water preparation

RBW 301 PV, RBW 301 PV-S



Instructions for Technicians



Read these operating instructions carefully before commissioning / using this device!

These instructions are an integral part of the system and must always be kept near or on the device.

Subject to modifications; No liability accepted for errors or misprints!

Translation of the original

Table of contents

| | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | Safety and usage instructions | 4 |
| 1.1 | General safety notes | 4 |
| 1.2 | Identification of notes | 4 |
| 1.3 | Personnel qualifications | 4 |
| 1.4 | Dangers of failure to observe the safety notes | 4 |
| 1.5 | Safety-conscious working | 4 |
| 1.6 | Safety notes for the operator | 5 |
| 1.7 | Safety notes for installation, maintenance and inspection | 5 |
| 1.8 | Unauthorised modification and changes | 5 |
| 1.9 | Intended use | 5 |
| 1.10 | Warranty | 5 |
| 1.11 | Transport and packaging | 6 |
| 1.12 | Environmental protection and recycling | 6 |
| 2 | Technical data | 7 |
| 2.1 | Unit data | 7 |
| 2.2 | Product data | 9 |
| 2.3 | Unit dimensions and designations of the pipe connections | 10 |
| 3 | Design and function | 13 |
| 3.1 | Domestic hot water heat pump, general | 13 |
| 3.2 | Product description | 13 |
| 3.3 | Corrosion protection (only RBW 301 PV-S) | 14 |
| 4 | Assembly | 17 |
| 4.1 | System layout | 17 |
| 4.2 | General installation notes | 17 |
| 4.3 | Set-up | 18 |
| 5 | Installation | 21 |
| 6 | Hydraulic connection | 23 |
| 7 | Electrical wiring | 26 |
| 7.1 | General notes | 26 |
| 7.2 | Connection of the power PCB | 26 |
| 7.3 | Circuit diagrams | 27 |
| 8 | Commissioning | 28 |
| 9 | Control logic | 28 |
| 10 | Operation | 29 |
| 11 | Care and maintenance | 52 |
| 12 | Temporary shutdown | 52 |
| 13 | Troubleshooting and customer service | 53 |
| 13.1 | Troubleshooting and customer service | 53 |
| 13.2 | Resistances of the temperature sensors | 55 |
| 14 | General view of unit and spare parts | 58 |
| 14.1 | Exploded view of the unit | 58 |
| 14.2 | Spare parts list | 59 |
| 15 | Index | 61 |

REMKO RBW PV series

1 Safety and usage instructions

1.1 General safety notes

Carefully read the operating manual before commissioning the units for the first time. It contains useful tips and notes such as hazard warnings to prevent personal injury and material damage. Failure to follow the directions in this manual not only presents a danger to people, the environment and the system itself, but will void any claims for liability.

Keep this operating manual and the refrigerant data sheet near to the units.

1.2 Identification of notes

This section provides an overview of all important safety aspects for proper protection of people and safe and fault-free operation. The instructions and safety notes contained within this manual must be observed in order to prevent accidents, personal injury and material damage.

Notes attached directly to the units must be observed in their entirety and be kept in a fully legible condition.

Safety notes in this manual are indicated by symbols. Safety notes are introduced with signal words which help to highlight the magnitude of the danger in question.



DANGER!

Contact with live parts poses an immediate danger of death due to electric shock. Damage to the insulation or individual components may pose a danger of death.



DANGER!

This combination of symbol and signal word warns of a situation in which there is immediate danger, which if not avoided may be fatal or cause serious injury.



WARNING!

This combination of symbol and signal word warns of a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided may be fatal or cause serious injury.



CAUTION!

This combination of symbol and signal word warns of a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided may cause injury or material and environmental damage.



NOTICE!

This combination of symbol and signal word warns of a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided may cause material and environmental damage.



This symbol highlights useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and fault-free operation.

1.3 Personnel qualifications

Personnel responsible for commissioning, operation, maintenance, inspection and installation must be able to demonstrate that they hold a qualification which proves their ability to undertake the work.

1.4 Dangers of failure to observe the safety notes

Failure to observe the safety notes may pose a risk to people, the environment and the units. Failure to observe the safety notes may void any claims for damages.

In particular, failure to observe the safety notes may pose the following risks:

- The failure of important unit functions.
- The failure of prescribed methods of maintenance and repair.
- Danger to people on account of electrical and mechanical effects.

1.5 Safety-conscious working

The safety notes contained in this manual, the existing national regulations concerning accident prevention as well as any internal company working, operating and safety regulations must be observed.

1.6 Safety notes for the operator

The operational safety of the units and components is only assured providing they are used as intended and in a fully assembled state.

- The units and components may only be set up, installed and maintained by qualified personnel.
- Protective covers (grille) over moving parts must not be removed from units that are in operation.
- Do not operate units or components with obvious defects or signs of damage.
- Contact with certain unit parts or components may lead to burns or injury.
- The units and components must not be exposed to any mechanical load, extreme levels of humidity or extreme temperature.
- Spaces in which refrigerant can leak sufficient to load and vent. Otherwise there is danger of suffocation.
- All housing parts and device openings, e.g. air inlets and outlets, must be free from foreign objects, fluids or gases.
- The units must be inspected by a service technician at least once annually. Visual inspections and cleaning may be performed by the operator when the units are disconnected from the mains.

1.7 Safety notes for installation, maintenance and inspection

- Appropriate hazard prevention measures must be taken to prevent risks to people when performing installation, repair, maintenance or cleaning work on the units.
- The setup, connection and operation of the units and its components must be undertaken in accordance with the usage and operating conditions stipulated in this manual and comply with all applicable regional regulations.
- Local regulations and laws such as Water Ecology Act must be observed.
- The power supply should be adapted to the requirements of the units.
- Units may only be mounted at the points provided for this purpose at the factory. The units may only be secured or mounted on stable structures, walls or floors.
- Mobile units must be set up securely on suitable surfaces and in an upright position. Stationary units must be permanently installed for operation.
- The units and components should not be operated in areas where there is a heightened risk of damage. Observe the minimum clearances.

- The units and components must be kept at an adequate distance from flammable, explosive, combustible, abrasive and dirty areas or atmospheres.
- Safety devices must not be altered or bypassed.

1.8 Unauthorised modification and changes

Modifications or changes to units and components are not permitted and may cause malfunctions. Safety devices may not be modified or bypassed. Original replacement parts and accessories authorised by the manufacturer ensure safety. The use of other parts may invalidate liability for resulting consequences.

1.9 Intended use

Depending on the model, the equipment and the additional fittings with which it is equipped is only intended to be used as an air-conditioner for the purpose of cooling or heating the air in an enclosed room.

Any different or additional use shall be classed as non-intended use. The manufacturer/supplier assumes no liability for damages arising from such use. The user bears the sole risk in such cases. Intended use also includes working in accordance with the operating and installation instructions and complying with the maintenance requirements.

Under no circumstances should the threshold values specified in the technical data be exceeded.

1.10 Warranty

For warranty claims to be considered, it is essential that the ordering party or its representative complete and return the "certificate of warranty" to REMKO GmbH & Co. KG at the time when the units are purchased and commissioned.

The warranty conditions are detailed in the "General business and delivery conditions". Furthermore, only the parties to a contract can conclude special agreements beyond these conditions. In this case, contact your contractual partner in the first instance.

REMKO RBW PV series

1.11 Transport and packaging

The devices are supplied in a sturdy shipping container. Please check the equipment immediately upon delivery and note any damage or missing parts on the delivery and inform the shipper and your contractual partner. For later complaints can not be guaranteed.



WARNING!

Plastic films and bags etc. are dangerous toys for children!

Why:

- Leave packaging material are not around.
- Packaging material may not be accessible to children!

1.12 Environmental protection and recycling

Disposal of packaging

All products are packed for transport in environmentally friendly materials. Make a valuable contribution to reducing waste and sustaining raw materials. Only dispose of packaging at approved collection points.



Disposal of equipment and components

Only recyclable materials are used in the manufacture of the devices and components. Help protect the environment by ensuring that the devices or components (for example batteries) are not disposed in household waste, but only in accordance with local regulations and in an environmentally safe manner, e.g. using certified firms and recycling specialists or at collection points.



2 Technical data

2.1 Unit data

| Series | | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| Function | | Domestic hot-water heating | |
| System | | Air/water heat pump | |
| Drinking water tank enamelled, gross volume | l | Series 300 | |
| Drinking water tank enamelled, net volume | l | 287 | 280 |
| Auxiliary heater/rated output | kW | Series/1.5 | |
| Usable limits, heating | °C | -7 to +40 | |
| Min./max. Water temperature | °C | 38/60 | |
| Heating capacity for A7/W50 | kW | 1.8 | |
| COP per ErP ¹⁾ | COP | 3.72 | |
| Energy efficiency ratio | | A+ | |
| Power supply | V/~/Hz | 230/1/50 | |
| Electrical rated power consumption | kW | 0.46 | |
| Max. rated power consumption | kW | 2.06 | |
| Rated current consumption | A | 8.92 | |
| Max. current consumption | A | 9.0 | |
| Daily electricity consumption Q _{elec} | kWh | 6,049 | |
| Refrigerant/basic capacity | --/kg | 134A ²⁾ /1.25 | |
| CO ₂ equivalent | t | 1.79 | |
| Fuse protect. provided by the customer (per outd. unit) | A slow-acting | 16 | |
| Sound power level/sound pressure 1m hemispherical | dB(A) | 57,9/40,9 | |
| Max. airflow volume | m ³ /h | 350 | |
| Min. medium flow rate | m ³ /h | 175 | |
| Max. operating pressure | bar | 7 | |
| Air duct connection | mm | 145 | |
| Hydraulic connection, water-side | Inches | IG 3/4" | |
| Condensate-drain socket | Inches | IG 1/2" | |
| Max. permissible air-side pressure loss | Pa | 50 | |
| Pipe length supply/exhaust duct max. | m | 6 | |
| Dimensions (height/diameter/tilt height) | mm | 1840/640/1920 | |
| Enclosure class | -- | IP X1 | |
| Weight | kg | 136 | 142 |

¹⁾ COP = coefficient of performance (heating capacity figure)

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²⁾ Contains greenhouse gas according to Kyoto protocol, GWP 1430

Integrated heat exchanger

| Series | | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
|---------------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| Solar heat exchanger | m ² | --- | 1.5 |
| Heat exchanger connection | Inches (mm) | --- | G 3/4" (19.05) |

Information provided without guarantee! We reserve the right to make technical changes within the framework of technical advancement.

2.2 Product data

Average condition

| Series | | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
|---|-------|------------|--------------|
| Energy efficiency ratio | | A+ | |
| Load profile | | XL | |
| Hot water preparation energy efficiency (mean temperature period A20/W55) | % | 154 | |
| Hot water preparation energy efficiency (A14/W35) | % | 145 | |
| Current consumption stand-by | kW | 0,037 | |
| Yearly energy consumption Q_{HE} (average) ¹⁾ | kWh | 1087 | |
| Factory temperature setting | °C | 50 | |
| Inside sound power level | dB(A) | 57,9 | |

Product data for water heaters with heat pump according to delegated regulation (EU) 812/2013

| Name of supplier: | | REMKO GmbH & Co. KG | |
|--|-------|---------------------|--------------|
| Supplier model identifier: | | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
| Energy efficiency ratio (average climatic conditions) | | A+ | |
| Load profile | | XL | |
| Hot water preparation energy efficiency (average climatic conditions A7/W55) | % | 130.6 | |
| Yearly energy consumption (average climatic conditions) ¹⁾ | kWh | 1282 | |
| Sound power level L_{WA} , inside/outside | dB(A) | 57 | |
| Factory delivery temperature setting | °C | 50 | |
| Hot water preparation energy efficiency ratio (colder A2/W55 / warmer A14/W55 climatic conditions) | % | 119/145 | |
| Yearly energy consumption (colder A2/W55/warmer A14/W55 climatic conditions) | kWh | 1405/1158 | |
| Heat losses | W | 44 | |
| Volume of mixed water at 40 °C | L | 347 | |
| Storage volume RBW/PV/RBW PV-S | L | 287/280 | |

¹⁾ The specified value is based on results from standard testing.
The actual consumption depends on the use and location of the unit

When assembling, installing or maintaining the water heater, pay particular attention to the following:

The electrical installation is to be carried out exclusively by trained or certified personnel. The refrigeration maintenance and service is to be carried out only by qualified persons. For maintenance and opening of the heat pump, the mains supply line is to be disconnected from the power supply.

REMKO RBW PV series

2.3 Unit dimensions and designations of the pipe connections

RBW 301 PV

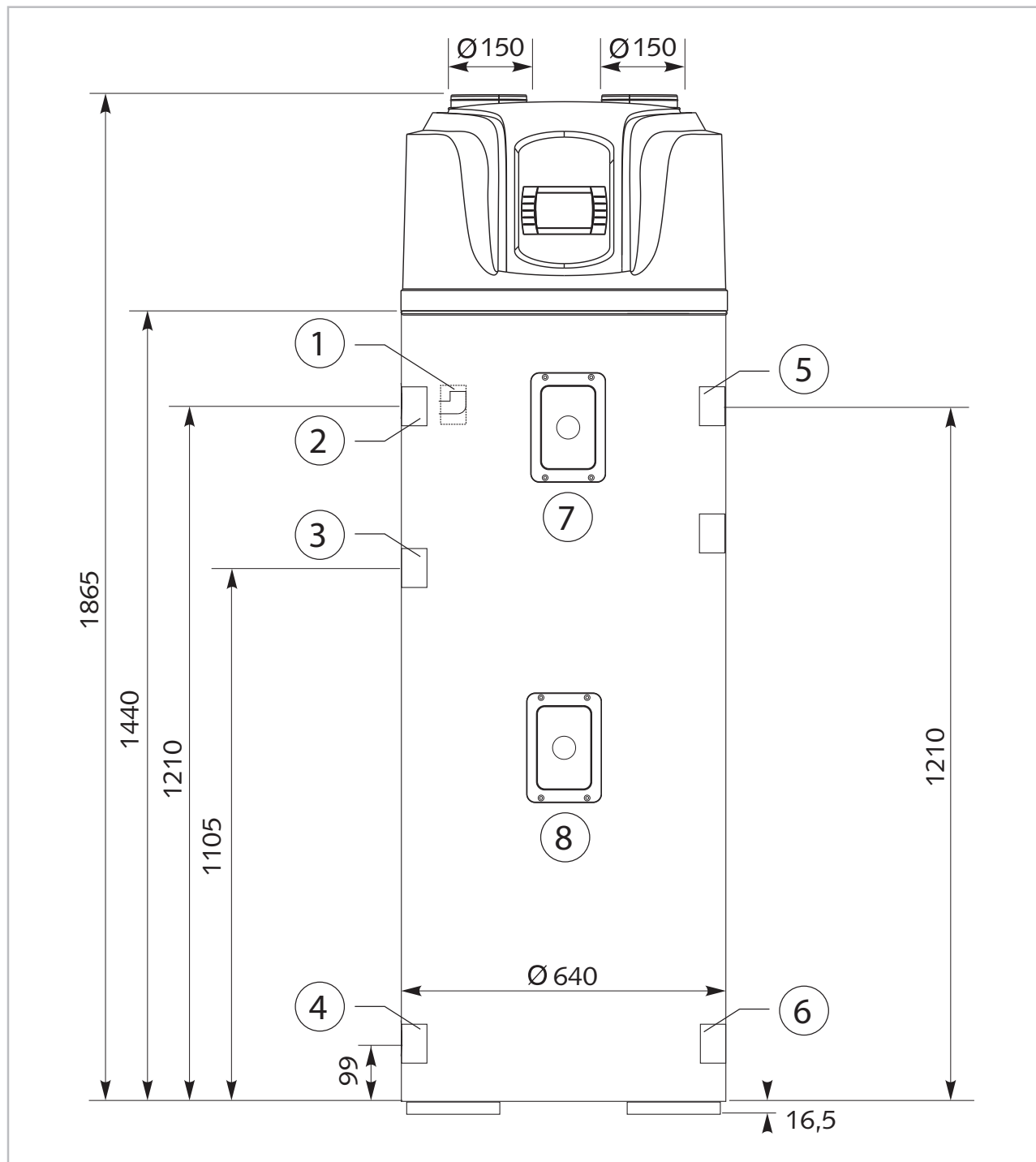


Fig. 1: Dimensions and designations of the pipe connections (data in mm)

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1: Condensate drain Rp 1/2 | 5: Safety valve connection |
| 2: Hot water outlet G 3/4" | 6: Drainage G 3/4" |
| 3: False anode | 7: Overheating protection |
| 4: Cold water inlet G 3/4" | 8: Heating coil |

We reserve the right to make changes within the framework of technical advancement!

RBW 301 PV-S

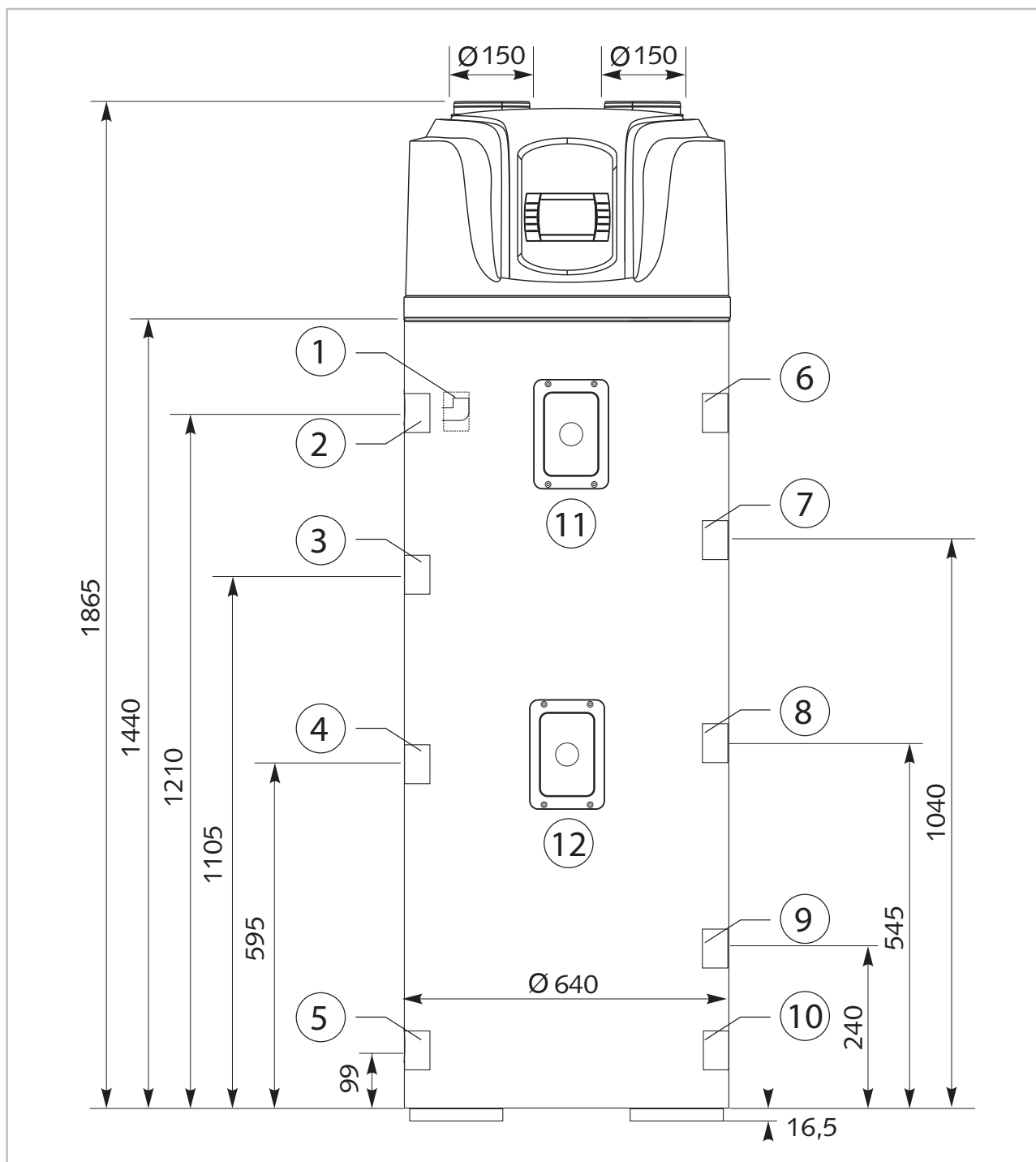


Fig. 2: Dimensions and designations of the pipe connections (data in mm)

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| 1: Condensate drain Rp 1/2 | 7: Heating-inlet heat exchanger G 3/4" |
| 2: Hot water outlet G 3/4" | 8: Immersion sleeve for temperature probe |
| 3: False anode | 9: Heating-return flow heat exchanger G 3/4" |
| 4: Circulation G 3/4" | 10: Drainage G 3/4" |
| 5: Cold water inlet G 3/4" | 11: Overheating protection |
| 6: Safety valve connection | 12: Heating coil |

We reserve the right to make changes within the framework of technical advancement!

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Air connections



Fig. 3: Air connections

! NOTICE!

Ensure that the cold air that is expelled is not taken in directly again!

3 Design and function

3.1 Domestic hot water heat pump, general

Arguments in favour of the domestic hot water heat pump from REMKO

- Hot water heat pump with advanced technology guarantees optimum and extremely quiet operation.
- The powerful radial fan enables air guidance in pipe lengths of up to 6 m supply air/6 m exhaust air with Ø 150 mm.
- The side angled air connections enable the heat pump to be installed even if the ceiling height is low (< 2 m).
- The thermostatic expansion valve and the safety devices ensure optimum circuit functionality.
- The heart of the hot water heat pump: The strong and durable condenser with oil cooler and waste heat utilisation through suction gas cooling.
- Large-area finned evaporator.
- The air connections enable a simple supply/exhaust air installation at the assembly site.
- Environmentally friendly and non-flammable safety refrigerant R134A.
- Enamelled quality hot water tank. Quality assurance guarantees a long service life, sacrificial false anode for increased safety.
- Tube coil condenser ensures efficient heat transfer and optimum safety.
- Internal smooth tube heat exchanger for the connection of solar collectors or boilers.
- Electric heater, factory installed.
- Negligible maintenance costs.

Function of the hot water heat pump

The hot water heat pump utilises ambient air for hot water preparation. The air is drawn in from above with the aid of a fan, supplied to the evaporator and subsequently blown out again at the top. The evaporator is so-called, because it evaporates the refrigerant in the heat pump circuit. During evaporation, heat is taken from the ambient air drawn in, because this is warmer than the refrigerant in the evaporator. This means that heat can be obtained from the air and transferred to the refrigerant even at relatively low temperatures. The refrigerant is compressed by the condenser, and brought to a higher temperature level. This heat is transferred to the drinking water via the tube coil condenser. The cooled refrigerant, which is once again liquid in state, is expanded in the expansion valve, transported to the evaporator and is therefore able to absorb heat once again.

! NOTICE!

The storage tank must be completely filled and bled for initial commissioning.

! NOTICE!

The heat-up phase may take some time, depending on the filling water temperature and air intake temperature.

The refrigerant circuit

The hot water heat pump operates according to the Carnot process. The refrigerant circuit is filled with refrigerant R134a in the factory, is highly efficient and guarantees optimum safety and efficiency in operation.

3.2 Product description

The Remko RBW 301 PV is a domestic hot water heat pump with integrated enamelled hot water storage tank. The storage tank has a volumetric capacity of 300 l. The RBW 301 PV is easy to install due to the practical pipe connections and plug-in electric wiring, e.g. in the basement, plant room or utility room.

The Remko RBW 301 PV-S is a domestic hot water heat pump with an additionally integrated heat exchanger with 1.5m², for the connection of a solar plant or another heat generator.

During pure heat pump operation, the max. drinking water temperature is 60 °C. This means that a high level of drinking water hygiene can be guaranteed. With an increased demand for hot water or high temperatures, it is possible to actuate the 1.5 kW electric heating element.



REMKO GmbH & Co. KG herewith confirms that the supplied product corresponds to the UBA (German Environment Agency) positive list.

REMKO RBW PV series

3.3 Corrosion protection (only RBW 301 PV-S)

Oxygen always plays a role if metal materials in a heating system corrode. The pH value and the salt content also play a major role. A licensed plumber who would like to be able to guarantee his customers a hot water heating system not at risk of corrosion from oxygen - without the use of chemicals - must pay attention to the following:

- Correct system design by the heating builder/planner and
- depending on the materials installed: filling the heating system with demineralised soft water or fully deionised water, checking the pH value after 8 to 12 weeks.

VDI 2035 applies for the system types listed below. If the guide values for filling, replenishment and circulation water are exceeded, the water must be pre-conditioned.

Scope of application of VDI 2035:

- Domestic hot-water heating systems as per DIN 4753 (sheet 1 only)
- Water heating systems as per DIN EN 12828 inside the building up to an inlet temperature of 100°C
- Systems that serve building complexes and with a replenishment water volume during their service life that is a maximum of twice the filling water volume.

See the following table for the requirements in accordance with VDI 2035 Part 1 with regard to total hardness.

| | Total hardness [°dH] subject to the specific system volume | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|
| Total rated output in kW | <20 l/kW | ≥20 l/kW and <50 l/kW | ≥50 l/kW |
| to 50 kW | ≤16.8 °dH | ≤11.2 °dH | ≤0.11 °dH |

The following table provides the allowed oxygen content in connection with the salt content.

| Reference values for the hot water in accordance with VDI 2035 Part 2 | | | |
|---|-------|-------------|-----------|
| | | low-salt | saline |
| Electrical conductivity at 25 °C | µS/cm | < 100 | 100-1,500 |
| Oxygen content | mg/l | < 0.1 | < 0.02 |
| pH value at 25 °C | | 8,2-10,0 *) | |

*) For aluminium and aluminium alloys, the pH range is restricted: pH value at 25 °C is 8.2-8.5 (max. 9.0 for aluminium alloys)

Water treatment with chemicals

Adding chemicals to treat water should only be done as an exception. VDI 2035 Part 2 requires explicitly under Point 8.4.1 that all water treatment be explained and documented in the system log book. There is a reason for this, because unprofessional use of chemicals leads:

- frequently to the failure of elastomer materials
- to blocking and sedimentation due to the sludge that forms
- to defective anti-friction seals on pumps
- to the formation of biofilms that cause microbially influenced corrosion and/or that can substantially impair thermal transfer.



In low-salt water and the correct pH for a short time even to oxygen concentrations up 0.5 mg / l are tolerated.

! NOTICE!

The hot water tank is produced from enamelled steel. This is designed for standard quality drinking water. If drinking water with above-average aggressive qualities is used (chloride content ≥ 150 mg/l) then it is not possible to provide a guarantee unless special protective measures are implemented!

Check and replace the magnesium anode

Checks

Allow the hot water tank to cool before performing any maintenance work.

Perform maintenance yearly (in accordance with DIN EN 8065, Annex A, Table A1, row 42).

Check the magnesium anode yearly.

! NOTICE!

Check the false anode regularly and have this replaced by your fitter if necessary. This is a prerequisite for the guarantee!

It is replaced differently depending on the tank type or anode design.

When installing replacement anodes, they may have to be shortened to the corresponding tank height.

! NOTICE!

It is essential to replace the magnesium-false anode if this exhibits a diameter of just 6-10 mm!

Replacement

Replace as follows:

1. ➤ Switch the REMKO RBW hot water heat pump off.
2. ➤ Drain the storage tank to the relevant height.
3. ➤ Unscrew the magnesium anode.
4. ➤ Seal the new magnesium anode in and install it.
5. ➤ Fill the storage tank and check that the magnesium anode is leak-tight.
6. ➤ Switch the REMKO RBW hot water heat pump on.

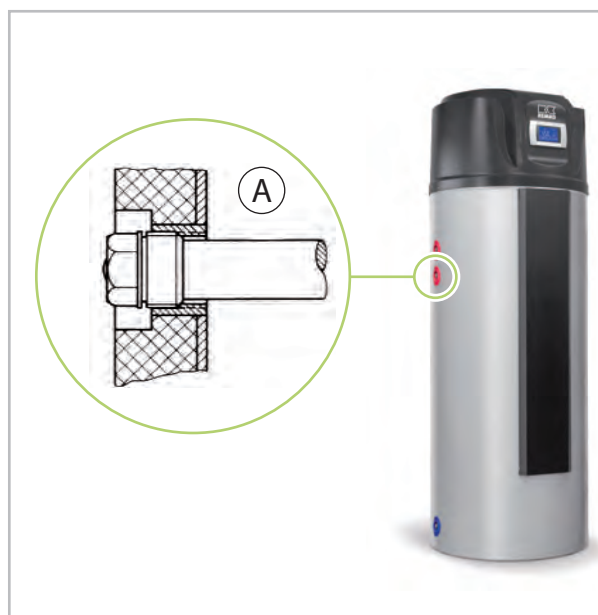


Fig. 4: Replacing the magnesium anode

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Filling with completely deionised water

! NOTICE!

Heat pump systems and components from REMKO must be filled and operated with deionised water (completely desalinated). We also recommend the use of the complete heating protection unit available from us. Full protection with glycol should be used in cooling systems. The system water should be tested each time the plant is serviced, but at least once a year. Damage that results from non-compliance is not covered by the guarantee. Below you will find a suitable form for documenting the filling of the system.

Filling of heating system with completely deionised water



| | Initial filling | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Filled on | | | | |
| System volume [litres] | | | | |
| °dH value | | | | |
| pH value | | | | |
| Conductivity [µS/cm] | | | | |
| Conditioning agent (name and quantity) | | | | |
| Molybdenum content [mg/l] | | | | |
| Signature | | | | |

Technical changes and errors reserved.

Your heating contractor:

VDI directive 2035
**Perform annual
control measurement!**

Fig. 5: Form for logging filling with completely deionised water

4 Assembly

4.1 System layout

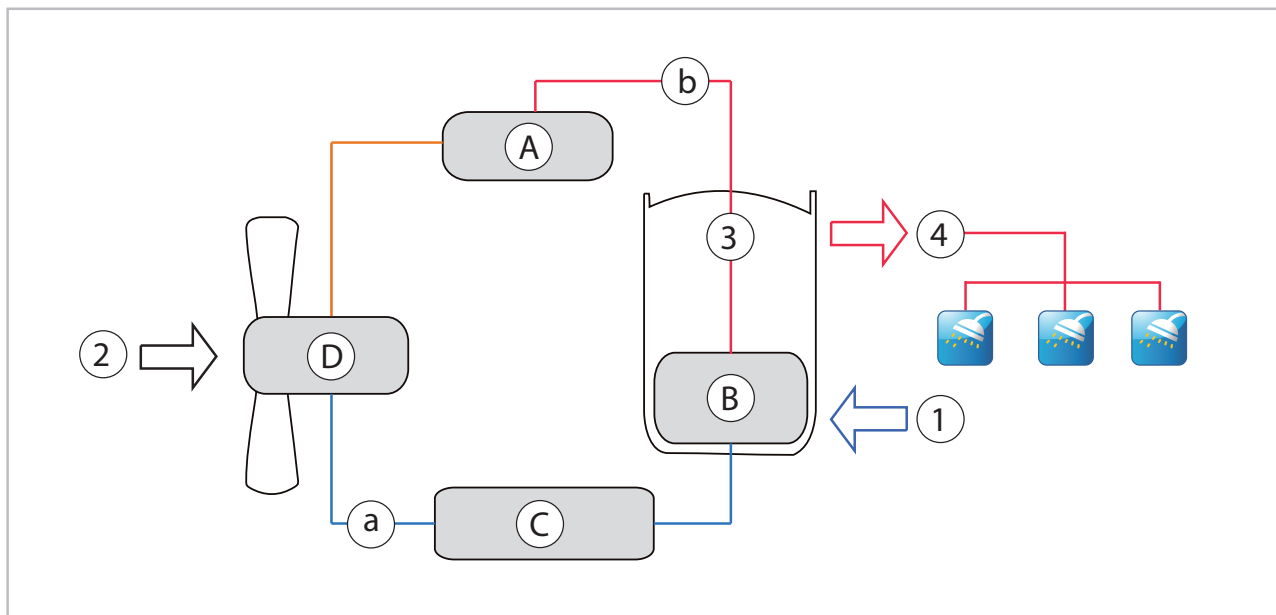


Fig. 6: System layout

- 1: Cold water inlet
- 2: Ambient air
- 3: Storage tank
- 4: Hot water
- A: Compressor

- B: Condenser
- C: Thermal expansion valve
- D: Evaporator
- a: Low refrigerant temperature
- b: High refrigerant temperature

4.2 General installation notes

DANGER!

Danger of death!

Only authorised specialist personnel are permitted to remove the front panel and the upper cover plate once the power plug has been unplugged, because contact with live parts poses a danger of death!

NOTICE!

Never tilt the unit more than 15 degrees for an extended period of time. The unit can be tipped by a max. 60° for short-term transport only. Proceed with caution when lifting and lowering the unit. Horizontal storage or transportation is not permissible!

- These instructions are to be observed when installing the heat pump.
- The unit should be delivered as near as possible to the site of installation in its original packaging in order to avoid transport damage.
- The unit is to be checked for visible signs of transport damage. Possible faults are to be reported immediately to the contractual partner and the haulage company.
- Suitable sites for installation are to be selected with regard to machinery noise and the set-up process.
- Establish all electrical wiring in accordance with the relevant DIN and VDE standards.
- The electrical power cables must always be fastened to the electrical terminals in the proper manner. Otherwise there is a risk of fire.
- Make sure that pipes carrying water do not pass through living or sleeping areas.

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4.3 Set-up

WARNING!

The set-up of the heat pump may only be carried out by trained specialists.

- The heat pump must be set up indoors.
- A condensate drain must be available.
- The heat pump must be set up vertically.
- Suitable installation sites are dry, clean, frost-free rooms with a level floor, which have a height of no less than 2 m.
- The heat pump must be installed with all of its surface on a firm, level base.
- The base must have sufficient load-bearing capacity for the weight of the heat pump.
- The heat pump is to be mounted in such a way that sufficient space is available on all sides for purposes of installation and maintenance.
- In order to keep output losses to a minimum, the heat pump should be set up as close as possible to the hot water consumer.
- If the supply and exhaust air from neighbouring rooms is to be used, ensure that no positive or negative pressure can build up in the rooms.
- The air connections must be positioned to prevent an air short circuit.

Use of a circulation system

It is not advisable to use a circulation system because the loss per running metre of piping can be approx. 25- 30 Watts. However, if such a system is installed, a timer and a thermostat should be installed with it.

NOTICE!

To avoid damage to the system, the installation location must be dry, capable of carrying the load and frost-free.

NOTICE!

Keep the hot water heat pump and lines free of frost



Fig. 7: Floor set-up

Minimum distances



Fig. 8: Minimum distances in mm

Suction air

The suction air must not be loaded with aggressive substances (ammonia, sulphur, halogen, chlorine, etc.)! This can cause the destruction of machine parts!

Air connections

The air take-off point should be selected with consideration to a high average air temperature and the requisite air volume of 350 m³/h. Air inlets and outlets are arranged at an angle at the rear. In order to keep the air resistance to a minimum, the air intake and exhaust duct should be configured as straight as possible, with a minimum smooth tube cross-section of Ø 150 mm. The entire tube

length for the intake and exhaust air should not be more than 12 m, whereby the installation of no more than 3 right-angled elbows is permitted. The entire tube length must be reduced by 1 m with every additional elbow. In order to prevent the discharge of condensate water, the air lines must be laid horizontally or with a slight downward gradient towards the suction/blow-out openings, or the installation of an evaporation pouch is required.



Fig. 9: Air connections

! NOTICE!

Ensure that the cold air that is expelled is not taken in directly again!

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Air duct lines

- Suction and blow-out lines from smooth tube, Ø 150 mm.
- The max. overall length of the pipe (suction and exhaust air) is 12 m with a max. of 3 x 90° elbows
- The entire tube length must be reduced by 1 m for every additional elbow!
- The pipes incl. accessories must be provided by the customer (ventilation pipe made of plastic, aluminium or galvanised sheet steel, etc.).
- The pressure loss must not exceed a max. 50 Pa.

! NOTICE!

When operating the domestic hot water heat pump in recirculation mode, the room volume must be at least 30 m³ (see next diagram, illustrations A-C).

The suction and blow-out connections are at an angle on the rear of the unit. The suction and exhaust ducts can be guided directly out of the unit on the side or upwards at first (e.g. under the ceiling as shown in the example below).

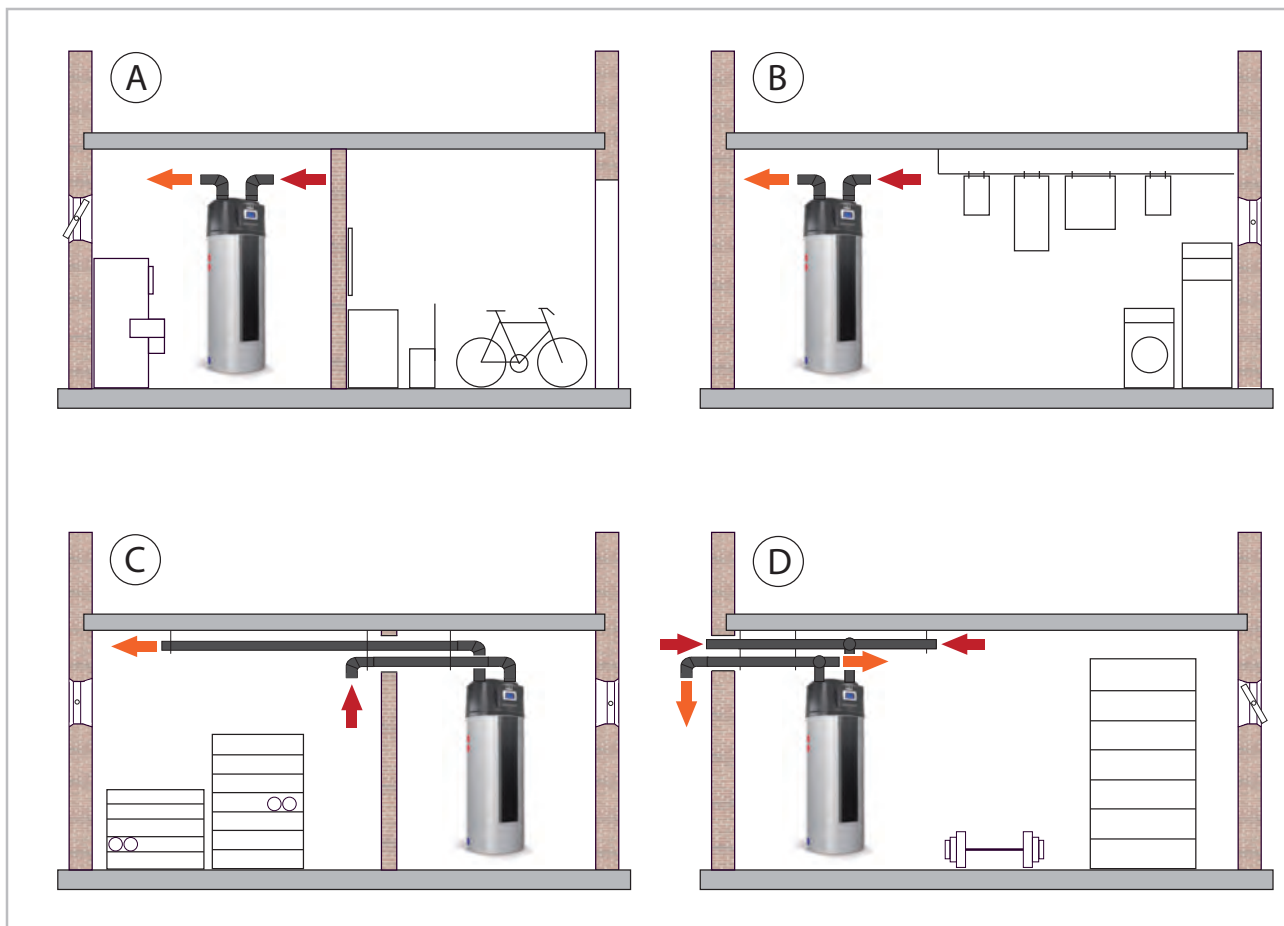


Fig. 10: Possible installations

A: Heating room/hobby room (recirculation mode)
B: Laundry room (recirculation mode)

C: Storage/storeroom (recirculation mode)
D: Gym room

5 Installation

General notes

The hot water heat pump is a factory-tested unit. Once the water connections have been professionally established, the storage tank has been filled and the electrical connection (230 V/ 50 Hz) has been established, it is possible to switch the unit on.

WARNING!

The hot water heat pump must be connected and put into operation exclusively by a certified and authorised specialist!

WARNING!

It is necessary to fill the unit with water before the electrical wiring is connected!

Sanitary connection and assembly

NOTICE!

If using copper and galvanised steel tubes always observe the sequence in the flow direction: Copper after galvanised steel!

Avoidance of heat losses

In order to minimise heat losses plan the water lines as short as possible and include thermal insulation. Have the lines installed by a professional.

Sanitary installation

The direct connection with a stainless steel tank must never be produced from copper or galvanised. If a stainless steel tank is connected with a galvanised cold water line (with the requisite fittings or threaded connections) then a fine filter must be fitted upstream of the stainless steel tank in order to protect against rust particles, etc. Brass, red brass, plastic and stainless steel are all suitable connection materials. If a stainless steel storage tank is connected with a galvanised or copper line then it is necessary to fit a red brass or brass fitting between these parts.



It is possible to dispense with the use of a false anode if the chloride content in the drinking water is < 150 mg/l.

Always install a pressure reducer in the cold water line.

Pressure reducer

Always install a pressure reducer in the cold water supply line!

Safety valve

The safety valve prevents positive pressure from building and serves to drain off the excess water, which occurs due to expansion of the storage tank contents when heated.

- Only install a type-approved membrane safety valve. This must be adjusted such that it safely prevents the maximum permissible positive operating pressure of the heat pump storage tank - of **6 bar** - from being exceeded by more than 1 bar. The connection diameter of the safety valve must be at least 1/2". No shut-off valve may be installed between the safety valve and storage tank.
- The drain line downstream of the drainage funnel for the safety valve must exhibit twice the cross-section of the safety valve connection, it must not lead outdoors and must not be blocked. Drainage should take place exclusively via the cold water connection or drainage cock.

During the heating process, the expansion water must visibly drip out of the safety valve drain (heat-up time 4-7h!).

- The hot water distribution system should be configured without circulation.
- The hot water lines must be thermally insulated according to the local (municipal) regulations.

Charging with a second heat generator (solar, combustible burner for solid fuel)

- The supply and return lines must be thermally insulated by design, and must be connected such that no return or single tube gravity circulation can arise with electric heating and the circulation pump switched off.
- The expansion of the heating water must be guaranteed at all times (also with electric heating).
- Fit a bleeder at the top point in the hot water line.

The hot water heat pump is fitted with a 1.3 m² heating battery as standard. This enables connection with an existing heating system. The option therefore exists of also heating the hot water with the existing boiler. For this purpose, the heating battery supply and return flow are connected with the heating system.

REMKO RBW PV series

! NOTICE!

When connecting the hot water heat pump with a boiler:

When operating the circulation pump, the powerful boiler circulation can result in the transport of heat from the hot water heat pump into the boiler. In order to prevent this, fit a check valve after the circulation pump of the heat generator!

Condensate water drain

The cooling of the air in the evaporator results in condensate water forming. The condensate drain on the hot water heat pump must be transported away from the heat pump with plastic pipes and an uninterrupted flow of the condensate must be guaranteed. Depending on the humidity, up to approx. 0.25 l/h of condensate may arise.

The condensate drain must not be permanently connected with a duct connection, and must be designed and executed so that it is discharged freely.

Domestic hot water-side connection (pressure-tight)

Hot water heaters are pressure-tight storage tanks with which pressure-tight connections can be established. If the line pressure is higher than the permissible operating pressure, a pressure reducing valve provided by the customer must be installed in the cold water supply. Only pressure-tight fittings may be used. The component-tested safety equipment must be installed in the cold water line (see the following diagram). A type-examination tested safety group in accordance with DIN 1988 must be installed in the water connection of the cold water line (cold water supply) for closed hot water heaters. The water connection may only take place through a tested diaphragm safety valve or a diaphragm safety valve/connection fitting combination (not a piston valve) for pressure-tight storage tanks! A safety valve combination is comprised of a shut-off, testing, return flow, drainage and safety valve with expansion water drain and is installed between the cold water supply and cold water feed of the storage tank in the sequence shown in the following diagram:

6 Hydraulic connection

Hydraulic connection drawings

All components and safety devices must be provided by the customer.

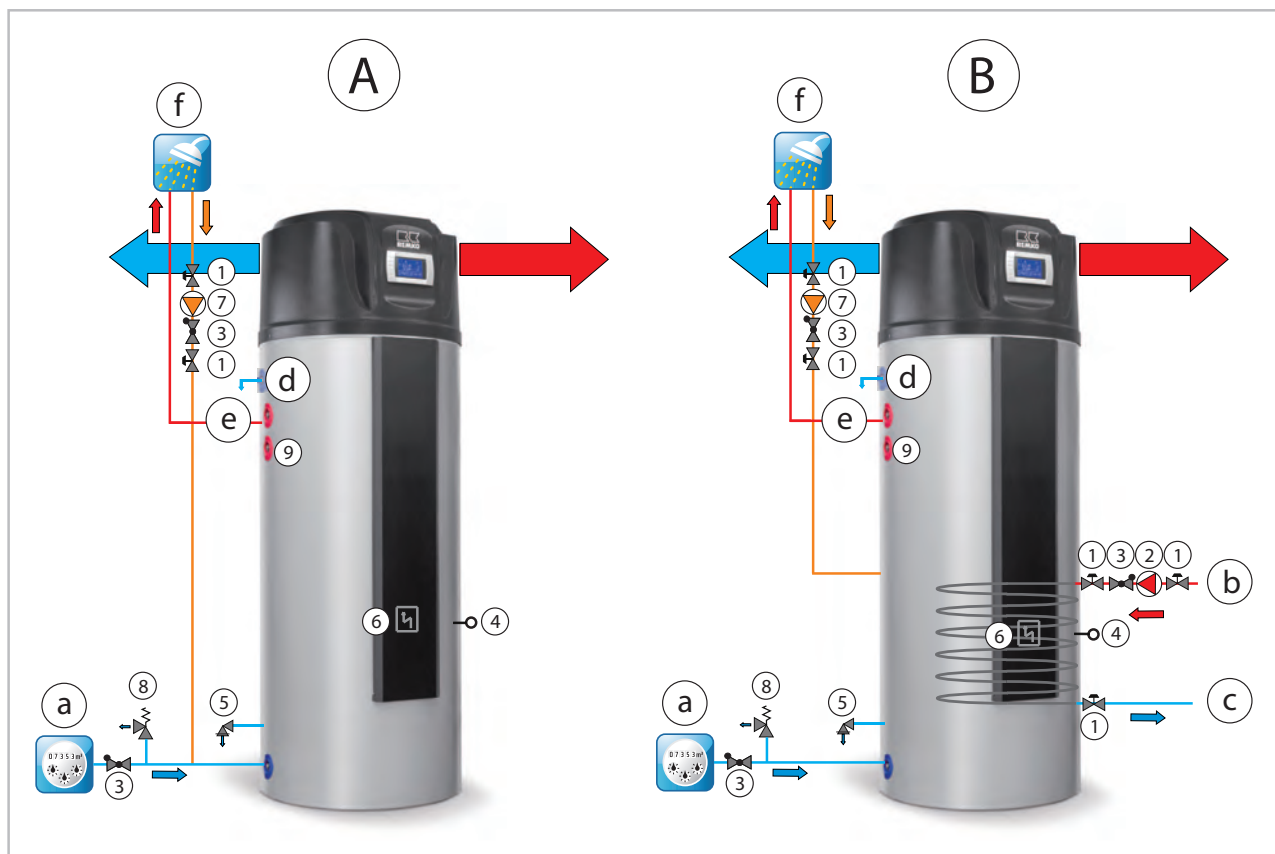


Fig. 11: Hydraulic connection drawings

| | | | |
|----|--|------------|--|
| A: | Series RBW 301 PV | 3: | Flap valve |
| B: | Series RBW 301 PV-S | 4: | Immersion sleeve (for oil, gas or solar) |
| a: | Cold water inlet | 5: | Storage tank emptying |
| b: | Inlet 2nd heat generator | 6: | Electric heating coil |
| c: | Return flow 2nd heat generator | 7: | Circulation pump |
| d: | Condensate drain | 8: | Safety valve, 6 bar |
| e: | Hot water outlet | 9: | Magnesium anode |
| f: | Hot water | Not shown: | Safety temperature limiter (STL) beneath the cover |
| 1: | Shut-off valve | | |
| 2: | Storage tank recharging (by oil, gas or solar) | | |

REMKO RBW PV series

Hydraulic circuit diagram 1 for REMKO RBW heat pump

Functions: Heating and hot water

**This hydraulic circuit diagram serves merely to assist in planning activities;
the customer-provided hydraulic system on site must be planned and laid out by the installer!**

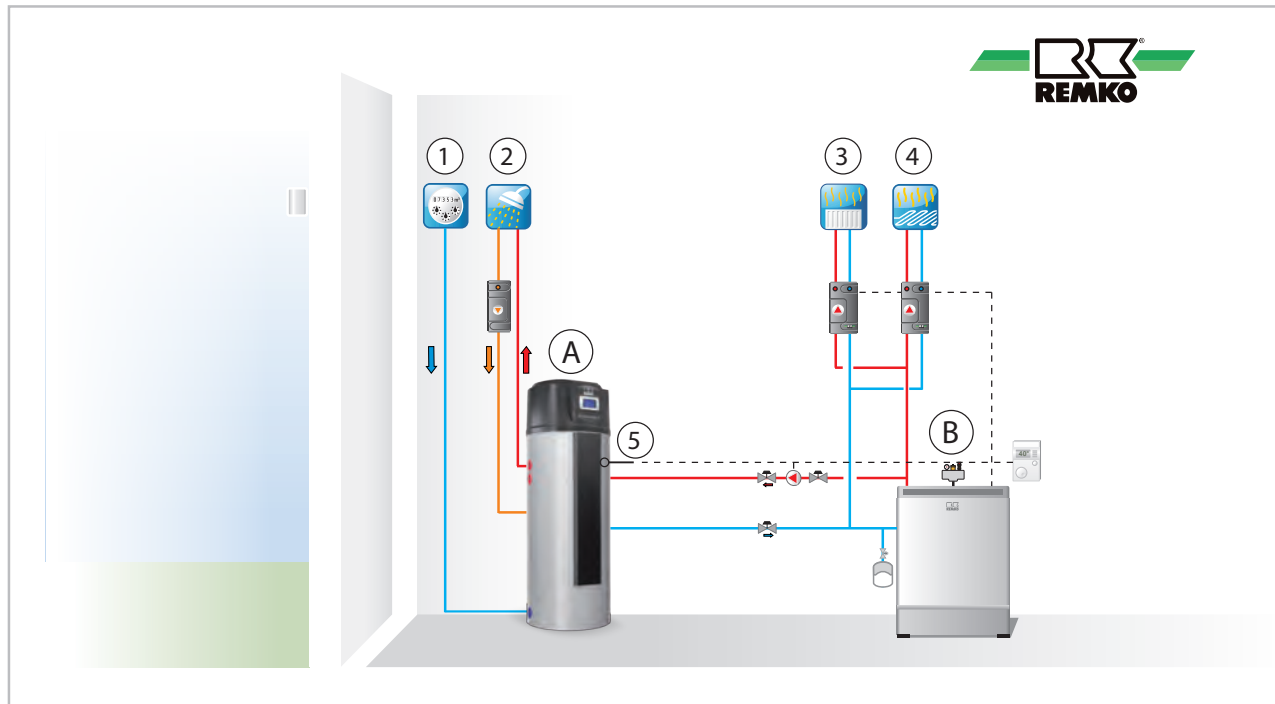


Fig. 12: Example 1 - RBW hydraulic circuit diagram

A: RBW heat pump
B: Oil/gas boiler
1: Cold water
2: Hot water

3: Heating circuit 1 mixed
4: Heating circuit 2 mixed
5: Boiler probe (hot water probe)

Hydraulic circuit diagram 2 for REMKO RBW heat pump

Functions: Heating and hot water

This hydraulic circuit diagram serves merely to assist in planning activities; the customer-provided hydraulic system on site must be planned and laid out by the installer!

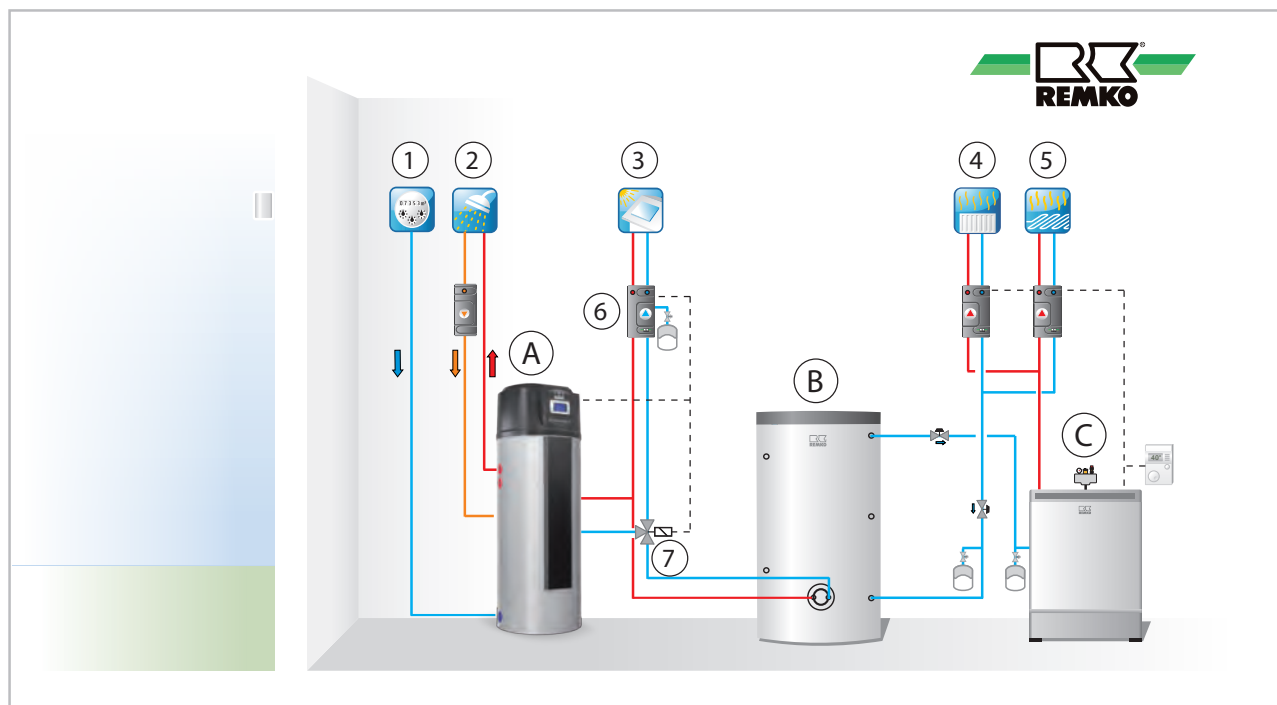


Fig. 13: Example 2 - RBW hydraulic circuit diagram

A: RBW heat pump
B: Storage tank
C: Oil/gas boiler
1: Cold water
2: Hot water

3: Solar
4: Heating circuit 1 mixed
5: Heating circuit 2 mixed
6: Solar pump
7: Solar changeover valve

REMKO RBW PV series

7 Electrical wiring

7.1 General notes



DANGER!

All electrical installation work must be done by an electrician.

The wiring provided by the customer must comply with the local regulations. The power supply to the unit must comply precisely with the voltage and frequency stipulated in the technical data. Get in contact with the local energy supplier if incorrect mains voltages require correction. Operation of a unit with incorrect mains voltage constitutes misuse, which is not covered by the guarantee.



DANGER!

Attention

In order to avoid electric shocks and damage to the unit, ensure that the electrical installation has been carried out professionally prior to establishing the electrical wiring (power plug with 2 m cable to the socket provided by the customer).

7.2 Connection of the power PCB

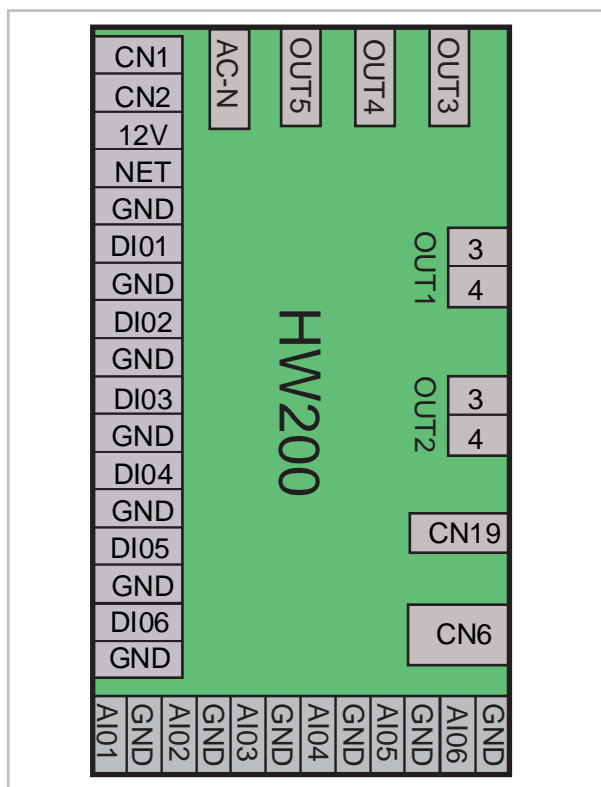
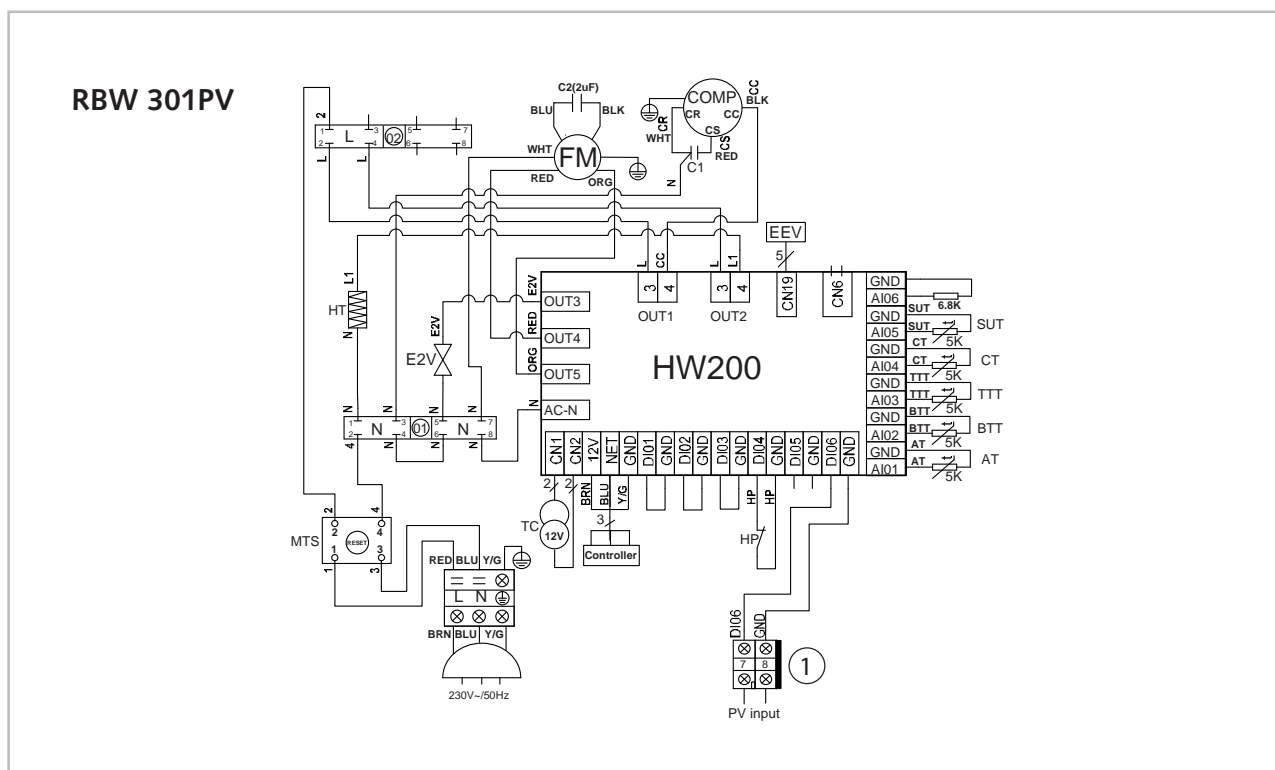


Fig. 14: Connection of the power PCB

| | |
|-------|--|
| AC-N: | Neutral conductor |
| AI01: | Air suction temperature |
| AI02: | Temperature storage below |
| AI03: | Temperature storage above |
| AI04: | Temperature evaporator (refrigerant) |
| AI05: | Temperature suction pipe (refrigerant) |
| AI06: | Probe collector |
| CN1: | Transformer 1 - 230V |

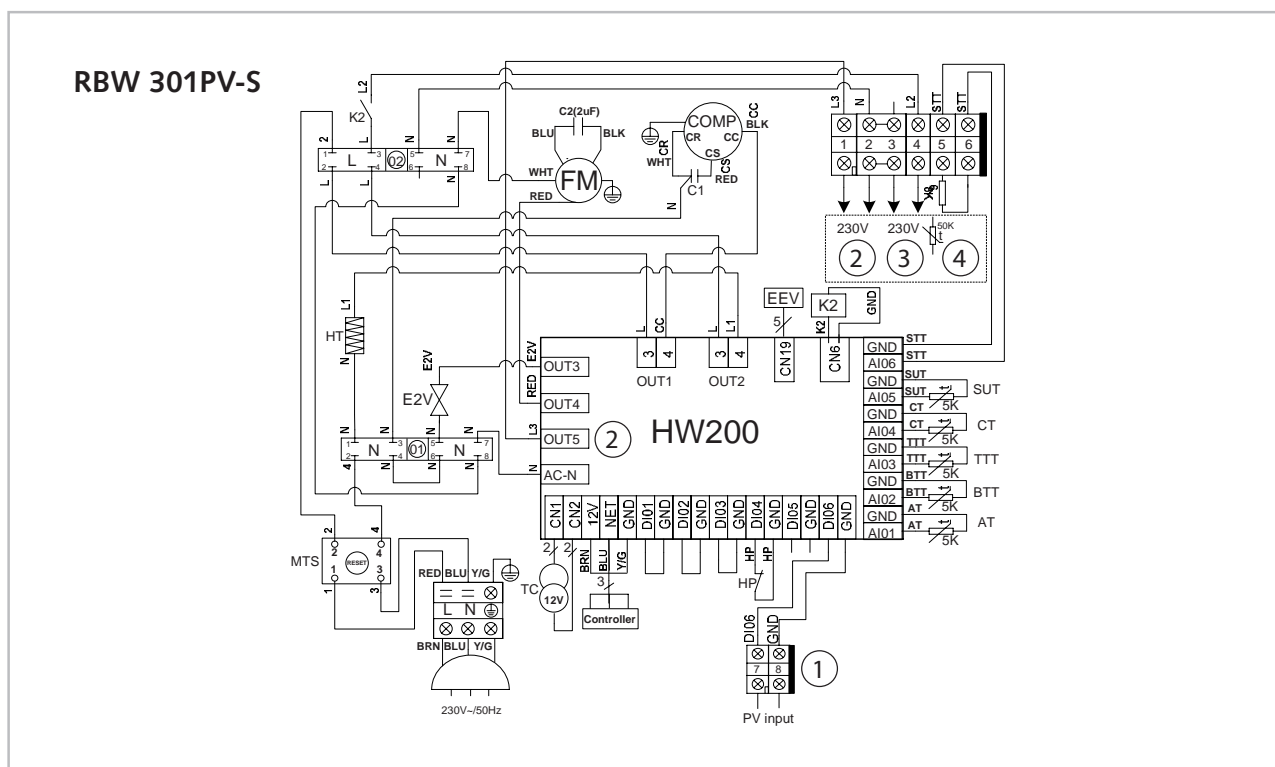
| | |
|-----------|--|
| CN2: | 12V |
| CN6: | /006 |
| CN19: | Not connected |
| DI01: | Jumper |
| DI02: | Jumper |
| DI03: | Jumper |
| DI04: | High pressure |
| DI05: | Not connected |
| DI06: | Contact photovoltaic (potential-free) |
| 12 V/NET/ | Power supply control panel |
| GND: | |
| OUT2(3): | Electrical heating coil 230 V |
| OUT2(4): | Power supply electrical heating coil 230 V |
| OUT1(3): | Compressor |
| OUT1(4): | Compressor power supply 230 V |
| OUT3: | 4-way valve |
| OUT4: | High speed fan |
| OUT5: | Pump solar |

7.3 Circuit diagrams



- 1: Contact photovoltaic (potential-free)
Contact PV Input open = PV-operation OFF

Contact PV Input closed = PV-operation ON



- 1: Contact photovoltaic (potential-free)
Contact PV Input open = PV-operation OFF
Contact PV Input closed = PV-operation ON

- 2: Solar pump
3: Changeover valve
4: Probe collector

REMKO RBW PV series

8 Commissioning

Before you switch on the domestic hot water heat pump, ensure that

1. the storage tank is filled with water.
2. the electrical wiring exhibits 230V/50Hz.
3. all connections have been correctly established.



CAUTION!

Ensure that a safety valve (6 bar) is correctly connected to the cold water inlet at all times!

9 Control logic

Compressor

- 1) Minimum switch-off time $t=2$ minutes

Following the request by the controller, the stand-still time is a further 2 min.

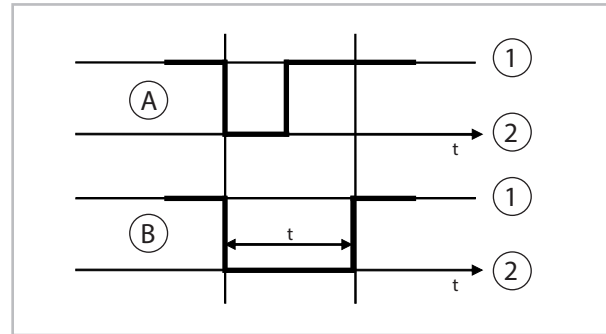


Fig. 15: Control logic switch-off time

- A: Signal
B: Compressor
1: On
2: Off

- 2) Minimum switch-on time $t=2$ minutes

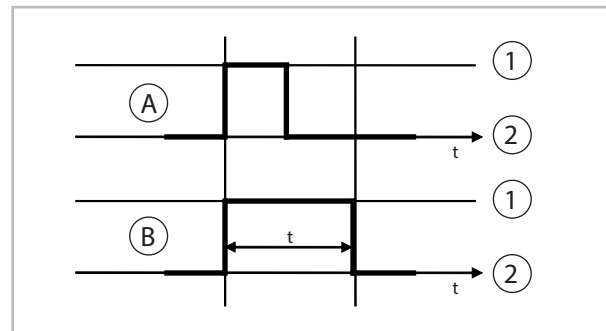


Fig. 16: Control logic switch-on time

- A: Signal
B: Compressor
1: On
2: Off

- 3) Normal heating

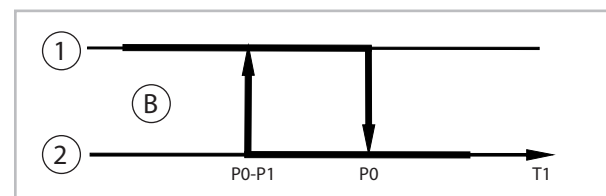


Fig. 17: Control logic normal heating

- B: Compressor
1: On
2: Off

Defrosting

1) Defrosting start

a) Run-time compressor min. parameter d03.

b) Min. temperature at the evaporator under d01.

2) Defrosting end

a) Evaporator temperature > d02 or max. defrosting period d04 exceeded.

3) Evaporator fan off, 4-way changeover valve off.

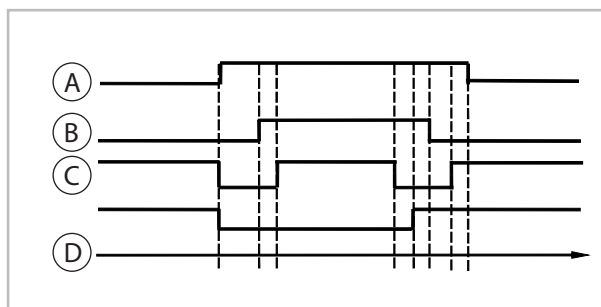


Fig. 18: Control logic defrosting

- A: Defrosting signal
- B: Changeover valve
- C: Compressor
- D: Fan motor

10 Operation

Functions of the operating unit

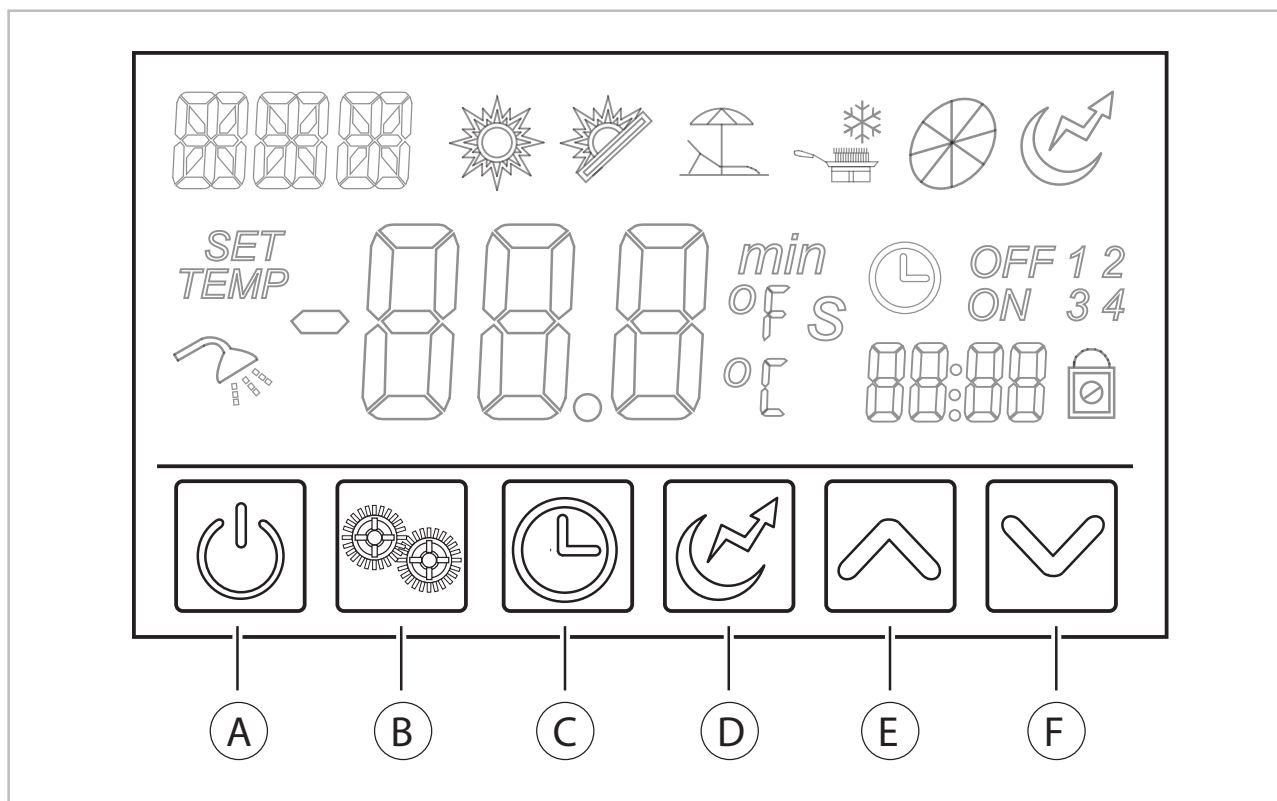


Fig. 19: Operating unit keys

REMKO RBW PV series

Key functions

Ⓐ - "ON/OFF" key

This key switches the domestic hot water heat pump on or off

(Press and hold the key for approx. 2 seconds).

Ⓑ - "Mode" key

The modes and parameters are selected using this key. If you wish to reset the parameters to the factory setting, press this key for longer than 10 seconds.

Ⓒ - "Clock" key

Press this key to set the time and date.

Ⓓ - "Electric heating element" key

Press this key to switch on the electric heating coil. Activate the ventilation function by holding down this key for 2 seconds.

Ⓔ - "Up" arrow key

Press this key to increase the setpoints.

Ⓕ - "Down" arrow key

Press this key to decrease the setpoints.

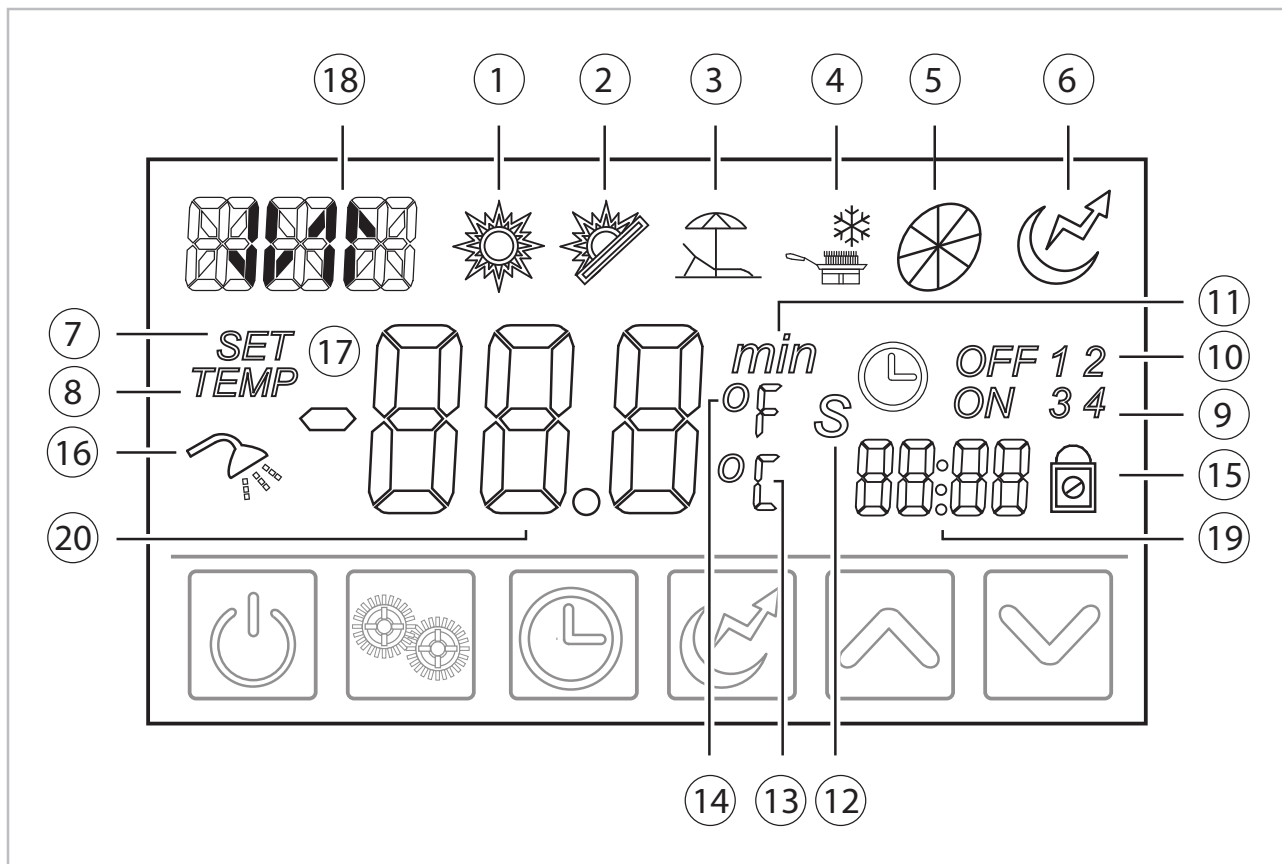


Fig. 20: Symbols of the operating unit

Symbol functions

- ① - Heating mode compressor and heating coil
- ② - Economic heating mode, only compressor
- ①+② - Automatic mode
- ③ - Holiday mode
- ④ - Invalid
- ⑤ - Recirculation mode
- ⑥ - Electric heating element
- ⑦ - Parameter selection
- ⑧ - Current temperature measured
- ⑨ - Timer "On"
- ⑩ - Timer "Off"
- ⑪ - Minute

- ⑫ - Second
- ⑬ - ° Celsius
- ⑭ - ° Fahrenheit
- ⑮ - Keyboard locked
- ⑯ - The unit is in standby once the temperature has been reached
- ⑰ - Water temperature storage tank, top
- ⑱ - Water temperature storage tank, bottom
- ⑲ - Time and date
- ⑳ - 1) Actual temperature
2) Parameter values when setting interface

Operation

Commissioning preparation

1. ➤ After switching on the power supply the controller uploads the parameters for approx. 15 seconds.
2. ➤ Ensure that the storage tank is filled with water.
3. ➤ In order to switch on the unit, touch the "On/Off" switch for at least 0.5 seconds. The water temperature measured then appears on the display.

Unit operation

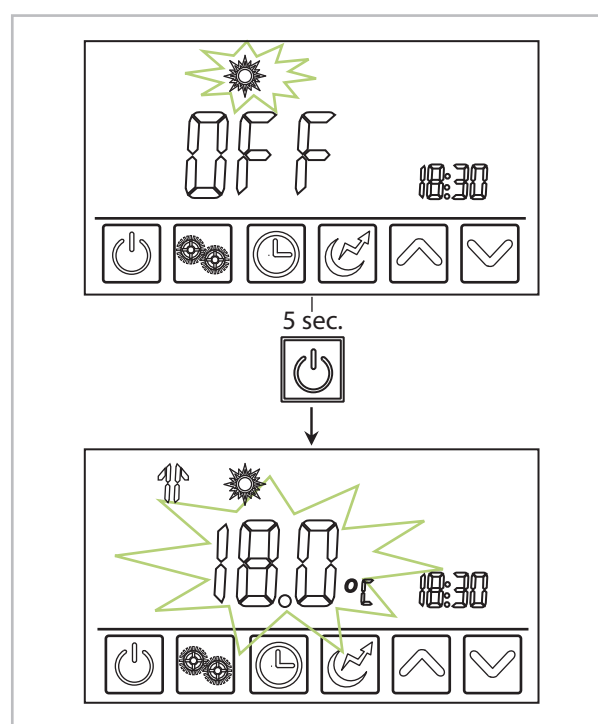


Fig. 21: "On/Off" key

REMKO RBW PV series

Setting mode

4 operating modes are available: Hybrid mode, Economic mode, Automatic mode and Holiday mode.

1: Hybrid mode

The water is heated in combination with the heat pump and electric heating coil.

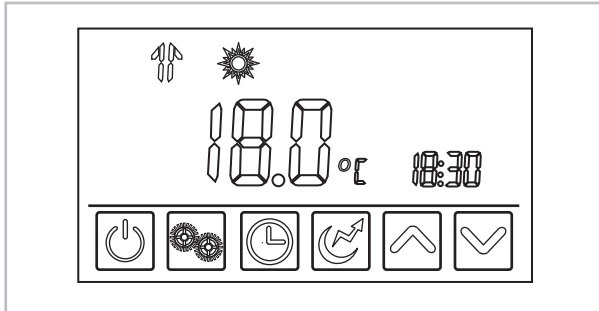


Fig. 22: Hybrid mode

2: Economic heating mode

The water is heated exclusively in heat pump mode. The electric heating coil can be additionally activated manually.

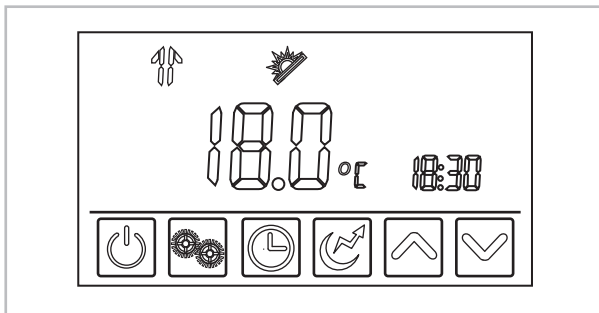


Fig. 23: Economic heating mode

3: Automatic mode

The controller switches the heat pump and where applicable the heating coil on, depending on the ambient air (suction air).

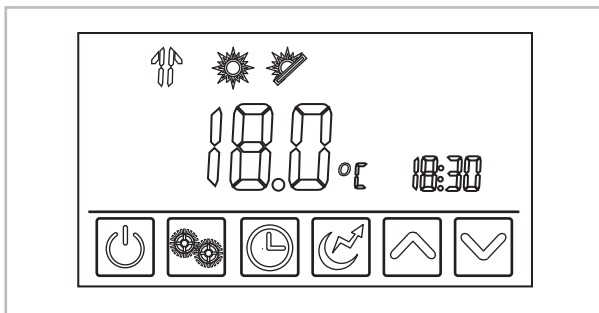


Fig. 24: Automatic mode

4: Holiday mode

It is possible to select this mode in order to go on holiday for a certain period of time. The heat pump is off during this period. It is possible to program a date of departure and a date of arrival.

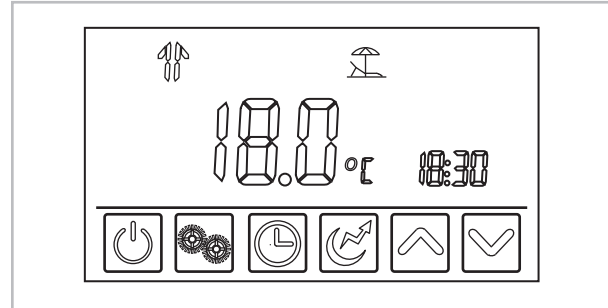


Fig. 25: Holiday mode



Before leaving the system, switch the heat pump to holiday mode. In order to have hot water available upon your return, program the switch-on point 1 day in advance of your arrival.

For parameter settings, see 'Setting the holiday program' on page 41

Operation

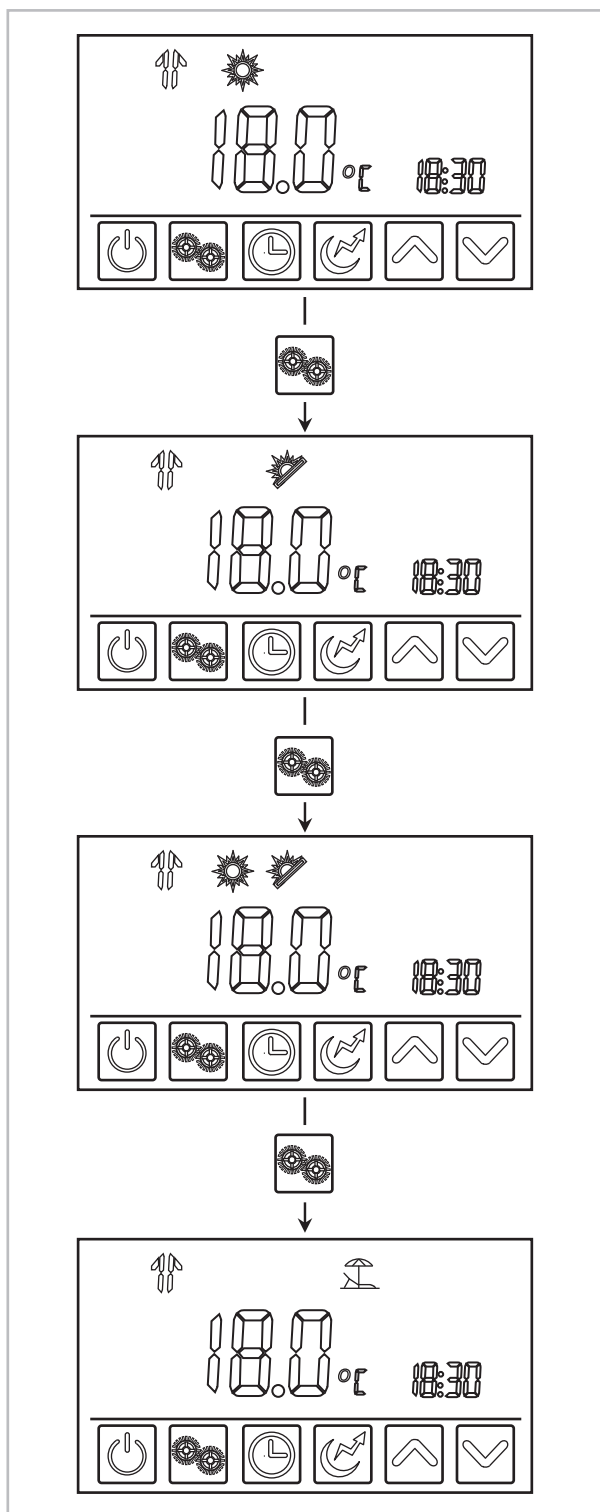


Fig. 26: Operation

Setting the setpoint (domestic hot water temperature)

In the main menu (default screen) tap on the "Up" (E) or "Down" (F) arrow keys.

Once the setpoint temperature has been reached, press the "Mode" key (B) in order to save the setpoint temperature, or press the "On/Off" key (A) in order to cancel the setpoint setting.

REMKO RBW PV series

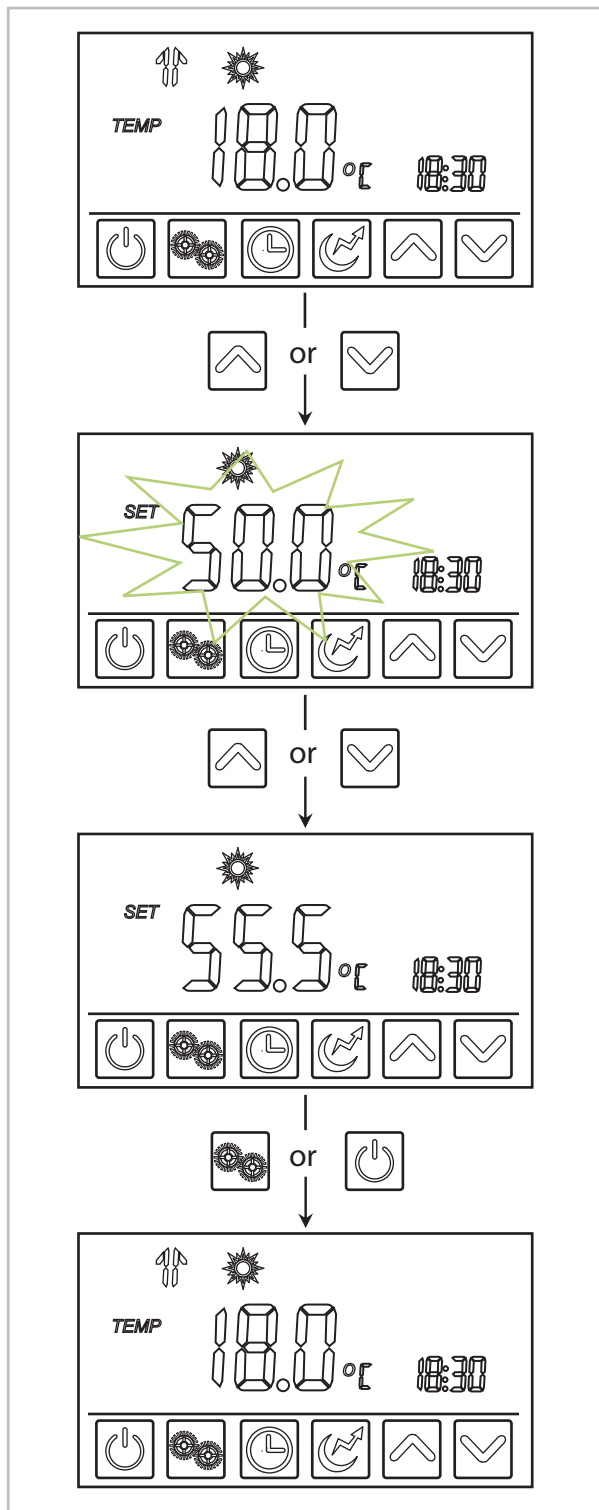


Fig. 27: Setting the setpoint

NOTES

1. If the "On/Off" key is pressed after the values have been changed then the values are not saved.
2. If no key is pressed for 5 seconds after changing the values, the controller jumps to the main view and the settings are saved.
3. The storage tank probe below is responsible for the desired hot water temperature (indicator top left in the display). The RBW heat pump switches the heat pump on and off according to this probe value. When commissioning for the first time, approx. 10 hours of operation may be required before the hot water setpoint temperature is reached.

Key lock

In order to lock the keys, press the "On/Off" key for approx. 5 seconds. The "lock" symbol appears on the display. No settings can be implemented in this state. To unlock, press the "On/Off" key for approx. 5 seconds

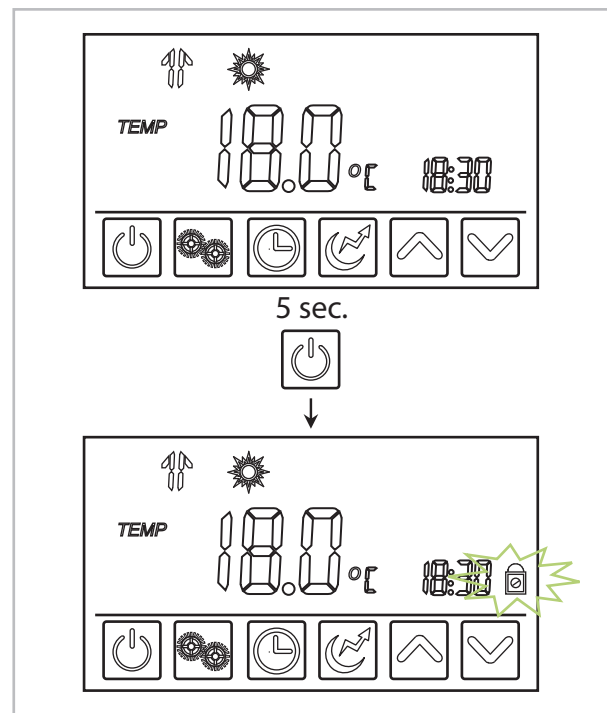


Fig. 28: Key lock

NOTE

If the unit exhibits an alarm, the key lock is released automatically

Electric heating element (heating coil)

Irrespective of which operating mode has been set, the heating coil can be activated. In order to do so, confirm the "Electric heating element" key (D). The symbol appears on the display to indicate that the heating coil is active. Upon reaching the target temperature, the heating coil switches off automatically.

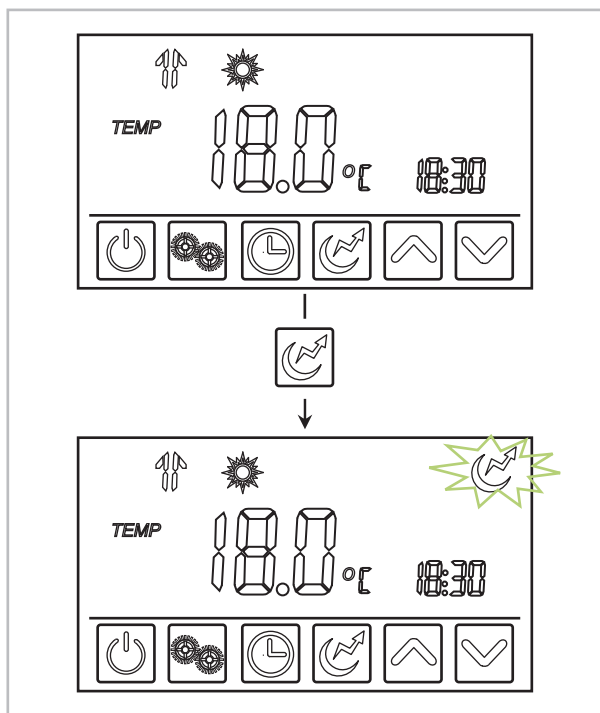


Fig. 29: Electrical heating element - HP is on

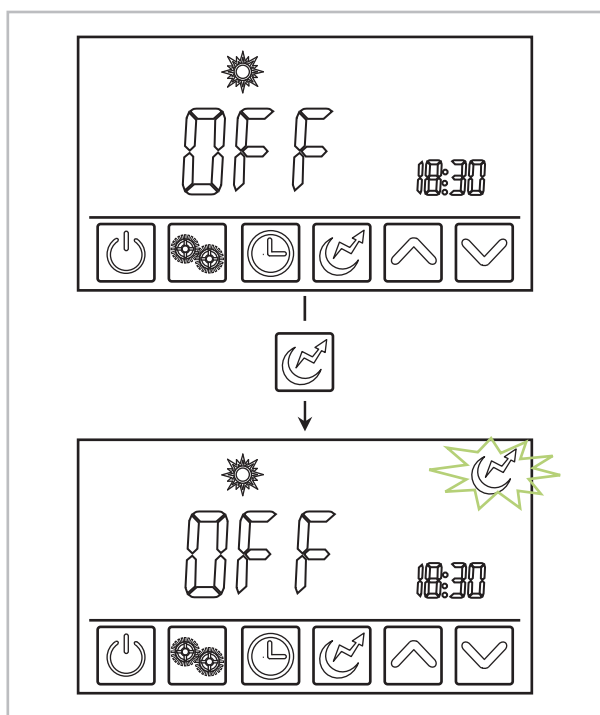


Fig. 30: Electrical heating element - HP is off

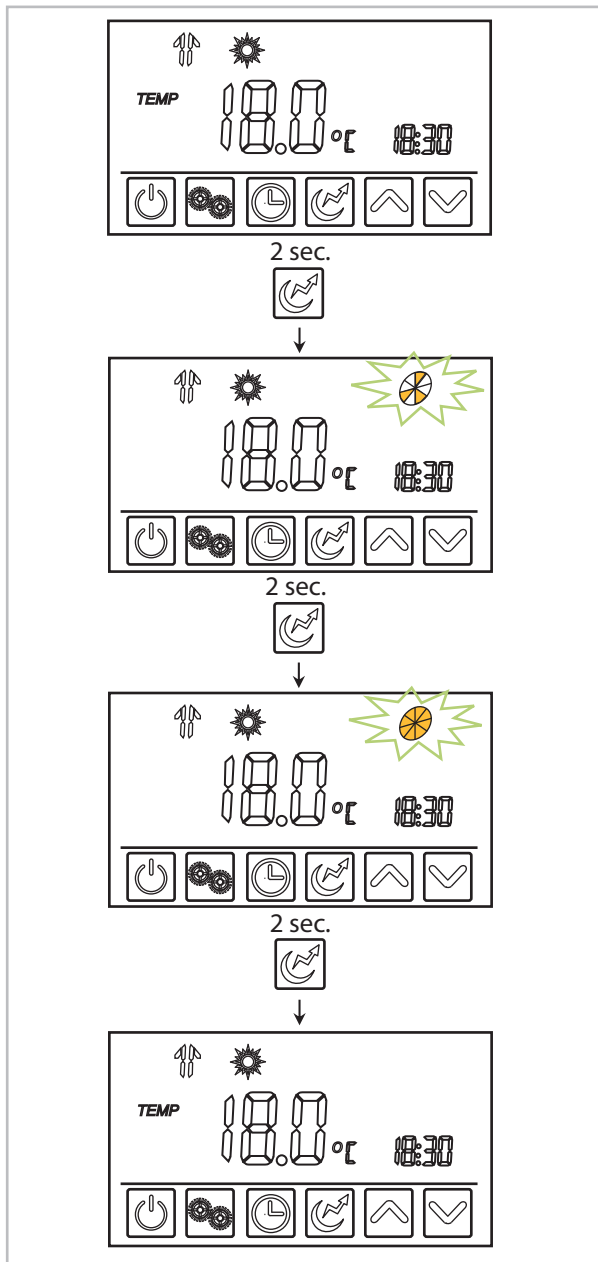
NOTES

1. ➤ The auxiliary heater must also be separately enabled automatically as required in parameter level "r" via parameters "r04, r05, r06" (see [on page 49](#), no. 41 to 54). The auxiliary heater is inactive unless the values are adjusted.
2. ➤ The auxiliary heater is always enabled according to the stored parameters "r04" to "r10", irrespective of the intake temperature!

REMKO RBW PV series

Recirculation mode

In recirculation mode, the RBW 301 PV unit has two fan stages available and the RBW 301 PV-S unit only has one (the middle) fan stage available. The recirculation operation can be used in order to ventilate the connected room, without the heat pump (compressor) being in operation. To do so, press the "Electric heating element" key (D) for approx. 2 seconds. The fan symbol appears on the display. It is possible to select 2 fan stages (only for the RBW 301 PV unit). In order to implement a setting, press the "Electric heating element" key (D) for 2 sec.



REMKO RBW PV series

Time program

To set the daily program, proceed as follows:

Possibility 1

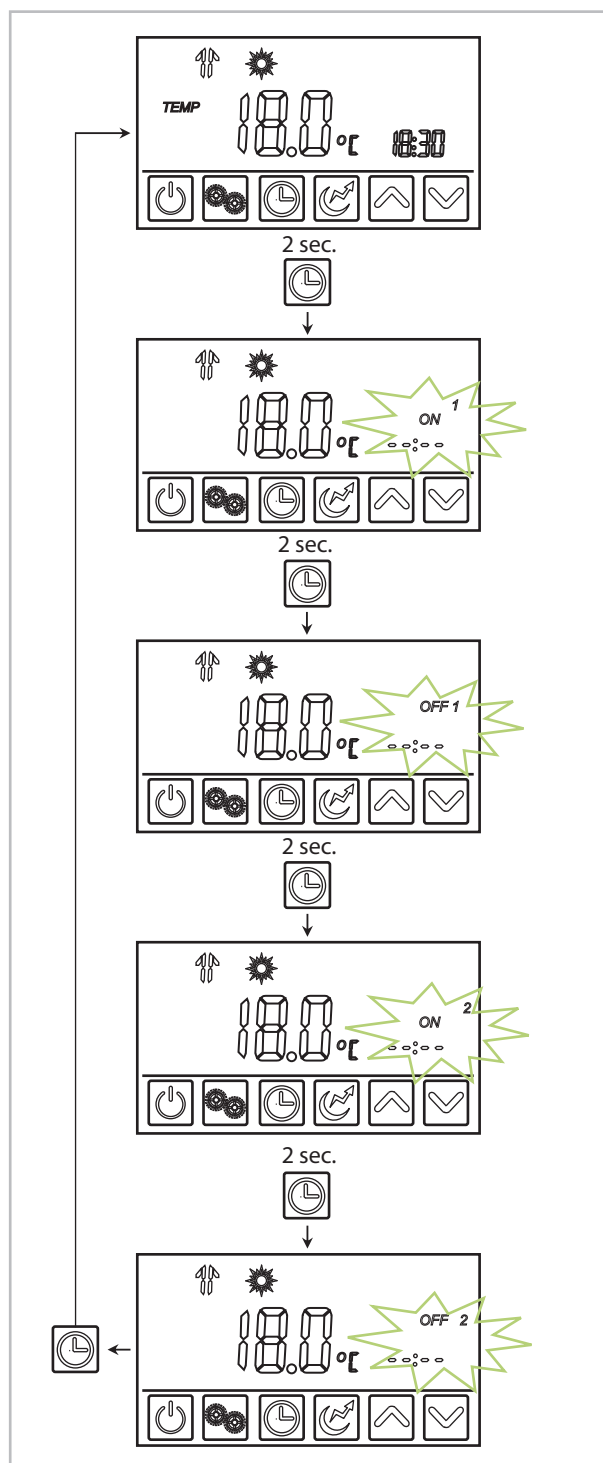


Fig. 32: Time program - setting possibility 1

Possibility 2

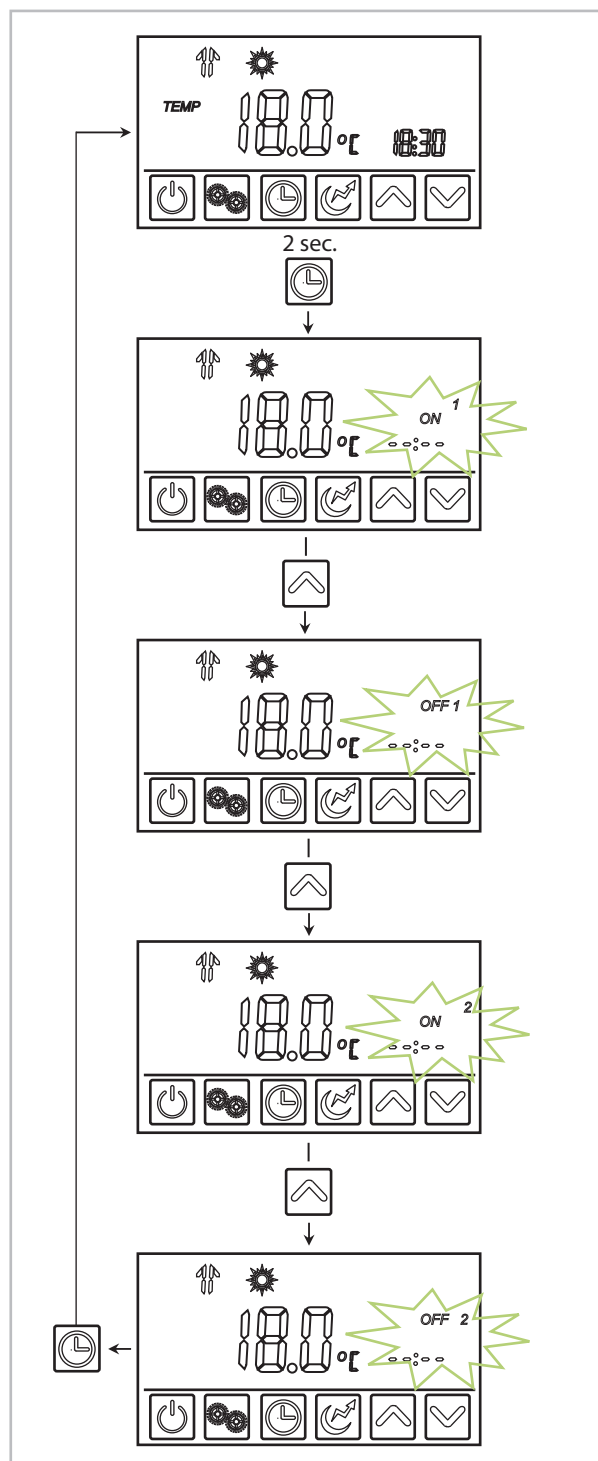


Fig. 33: Time program - setting possibility 2

Example of a daily program setting - switch on at 16:30 hrs

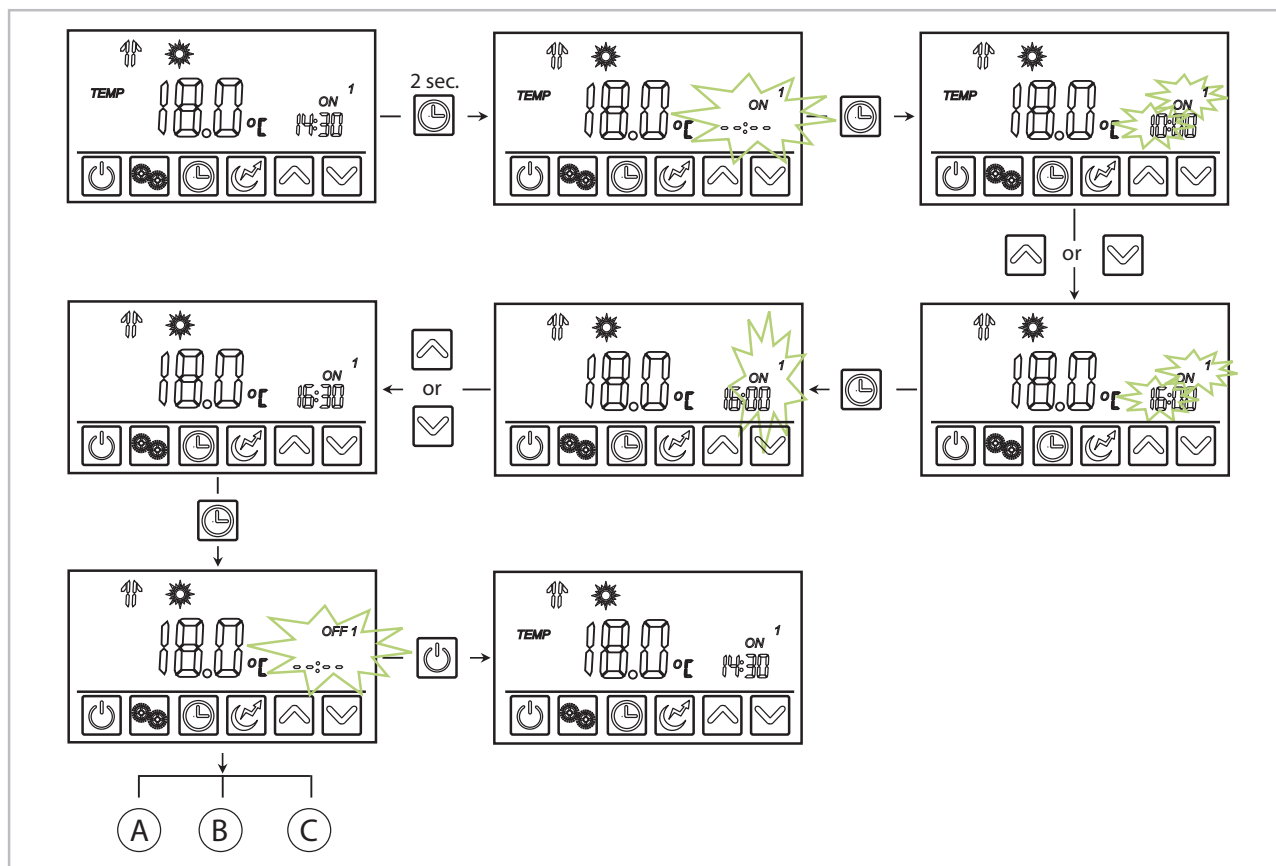


Fig. 34: Time program - example

- A: Press the "CLOCK" key (C) in order to access time program 1, settings are implemented as described.
- B: If no settings are implemented for 5 seconds, the values are saved and the main menu is displayed.
- C: If the "Hours/minutes" display flashes and the "On/Off" key (A) is pressed, you will access the main menu directly without saving the values.

REMKO RBW PV series

Deactivating the set time program

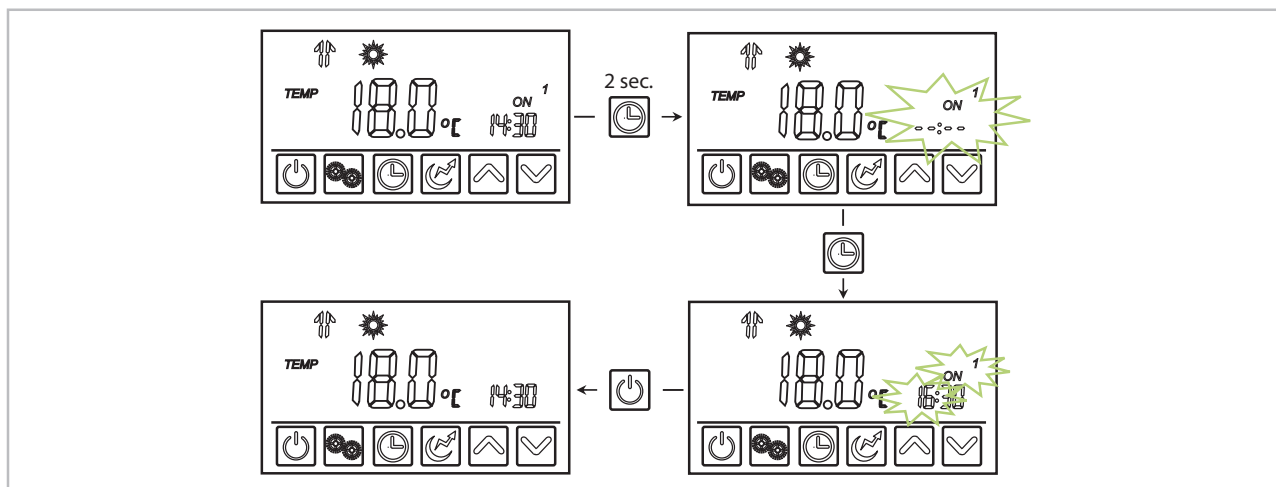



Fig. 35: Deactivating the time program



NOTE:

Order to deactivate the time program, the “clock” icon must be used to restart the “Settings” level. After the time program is activated, the “ON” indicator on the LCD flashes and the “” key is used to deactivate it.

Setting the holiday program

Press the "Mode" key (B) until the "Holiday mode" symbol (3) appears.

Example: Start the program on the 27th September.

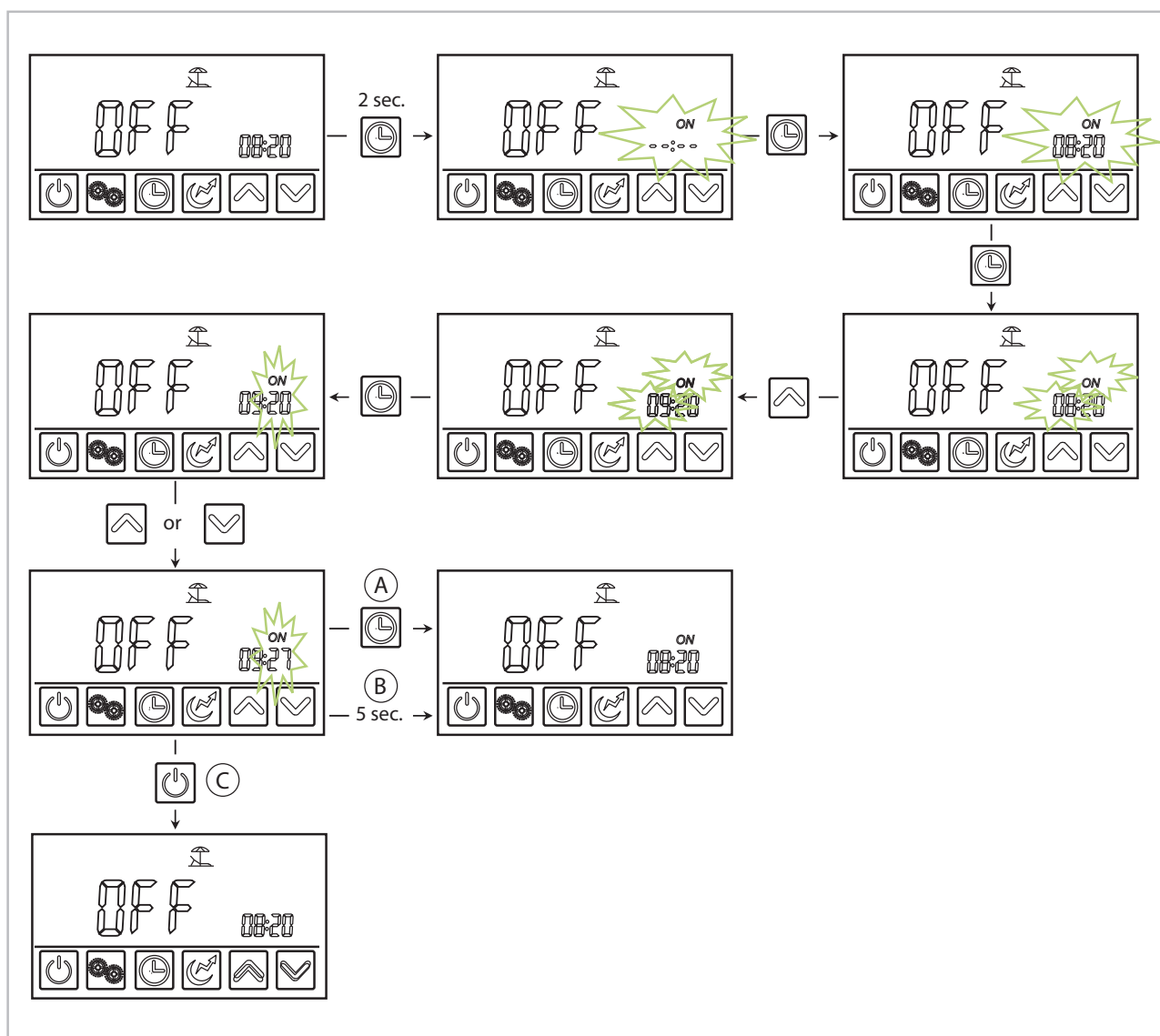


Fig. 36: Holiday mode

A: Press the "Clock" key (C) in order to save your entry.
B: Wait 5 seconds and your settings will be implemented.

C: Press the "On/Off" key (1) in order to return directly to the main display.

NOTES

1. Switch the unit off before going on holiday and set the date upon which the heat pump should start up again. It is not necessary to switch it on. The unit will switch itself on automatically on the set date.
2. When the unit switches on, the symbols continue to be displayed in the main display, e.g. "OFF". The display information is deleted at 0:00 hrs.
3. The heat pump is started at 0:00 hrs.

REMKO RBW PV series

Parameter configuration

Main menu

Main display: In order to access the parameter level, proceed as follows:

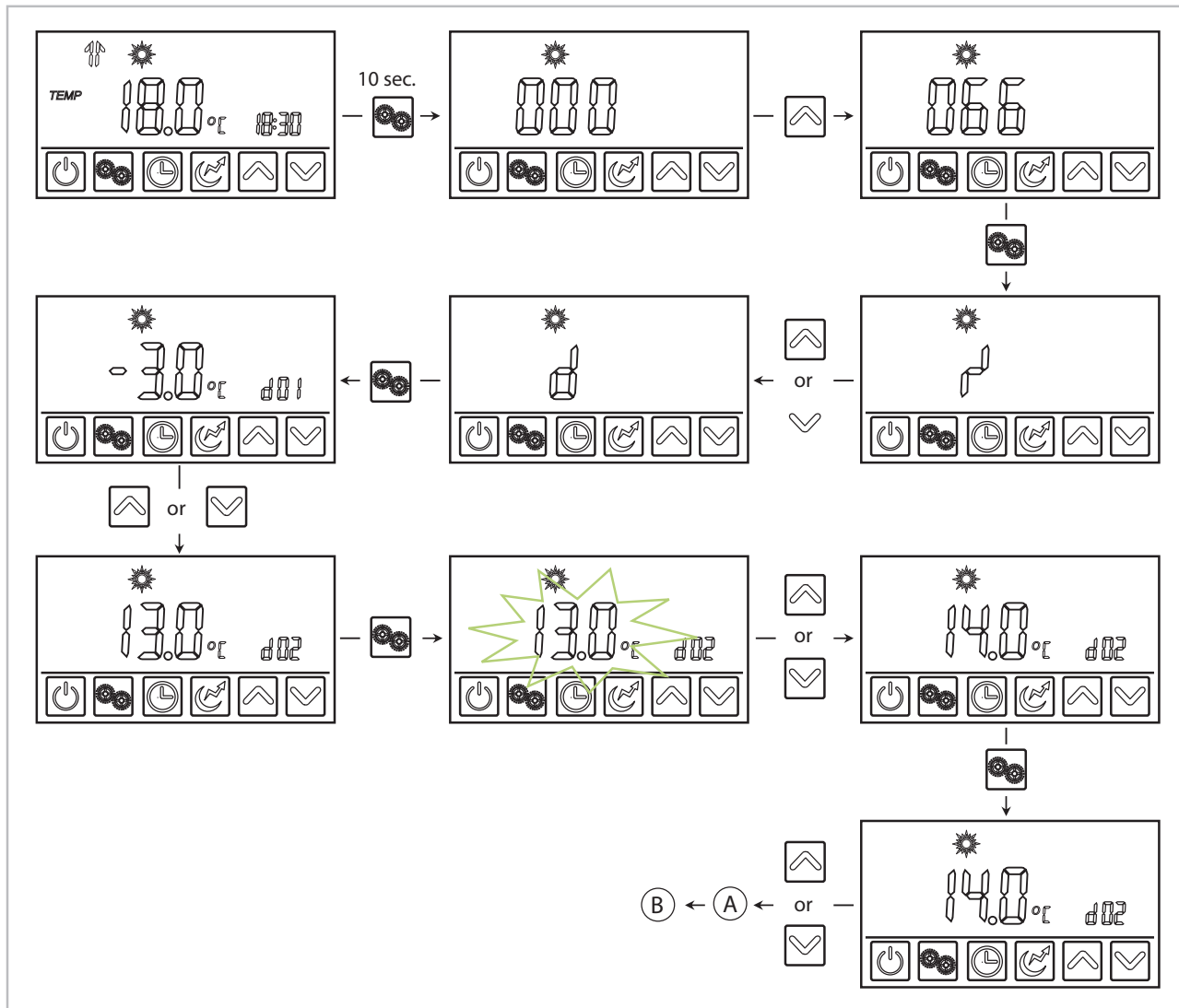


Fig. 37: Configuration of the parameters - expert level

- A: The steps for changing other parameter values are the same as with the parameter "d02".
- B: Confirm the "Mode" key (B) in order to save your setting and press the "On/Off" key to return to the main menu.

NOTES

1. If, after changing the values, the "On/Off" key is pressed whilst the parameter flashes, the values will not be saved and it will jump to the top parameter.
2. After saving the settings via the "Mode" key it is possible to return to the main menu by pressing the "On/Off" key.
3. After 20 seconds the set values will be saved and the display will show the main screen.

Reset to factory condition

Main menu

Main display: To start the reset function, proceed as follows:

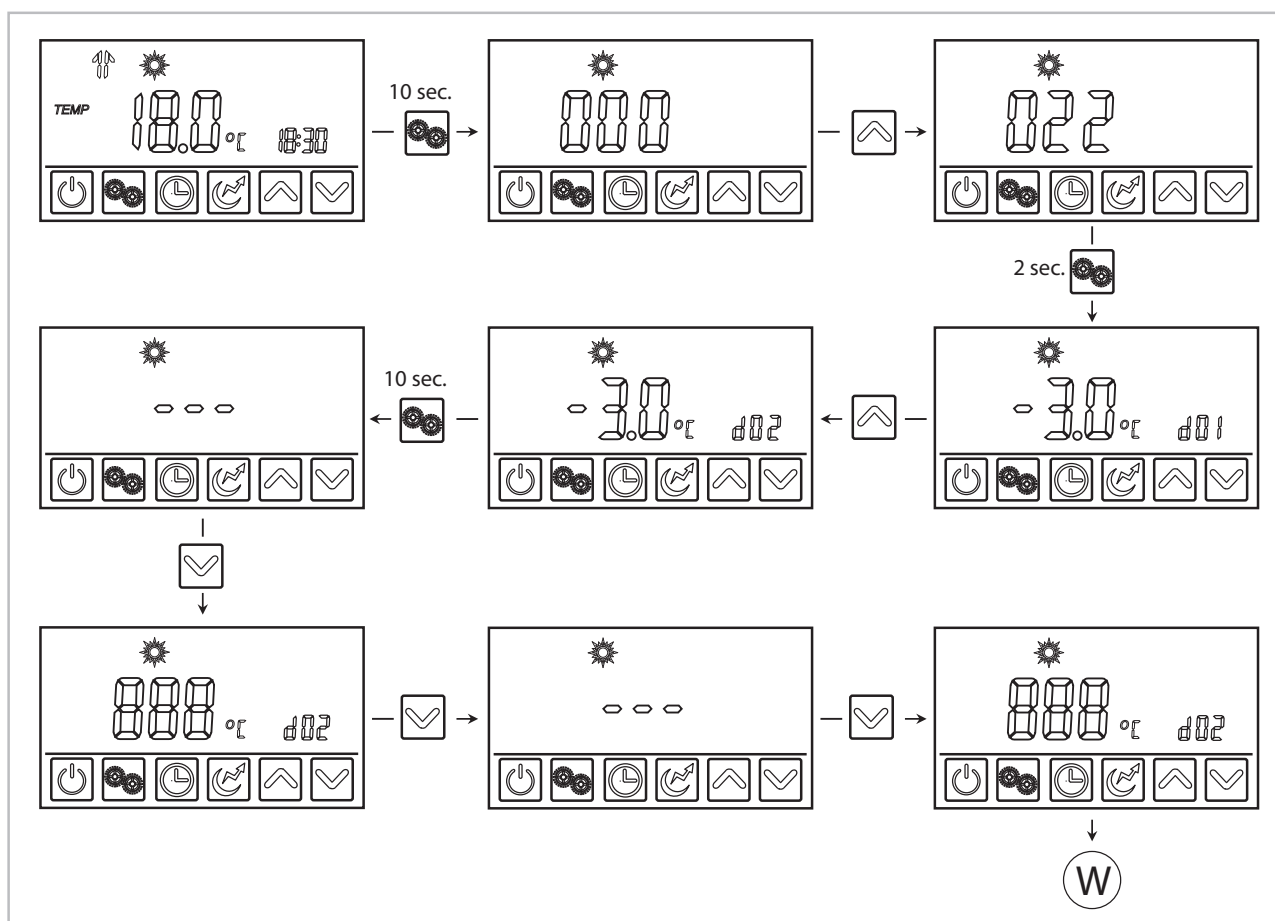


Fig. 38: Reset to factory condition

W: Then wait until the start screen appears

After the number combination "888" appears, the controller is reset with the exception of the stored time program to factory settings. After the reset, the controller is restarted in the previously set operating mode.

REMKO RBW PV series

Activating the legionella function

Main display: In order to access the parameter level, proceed as follows:

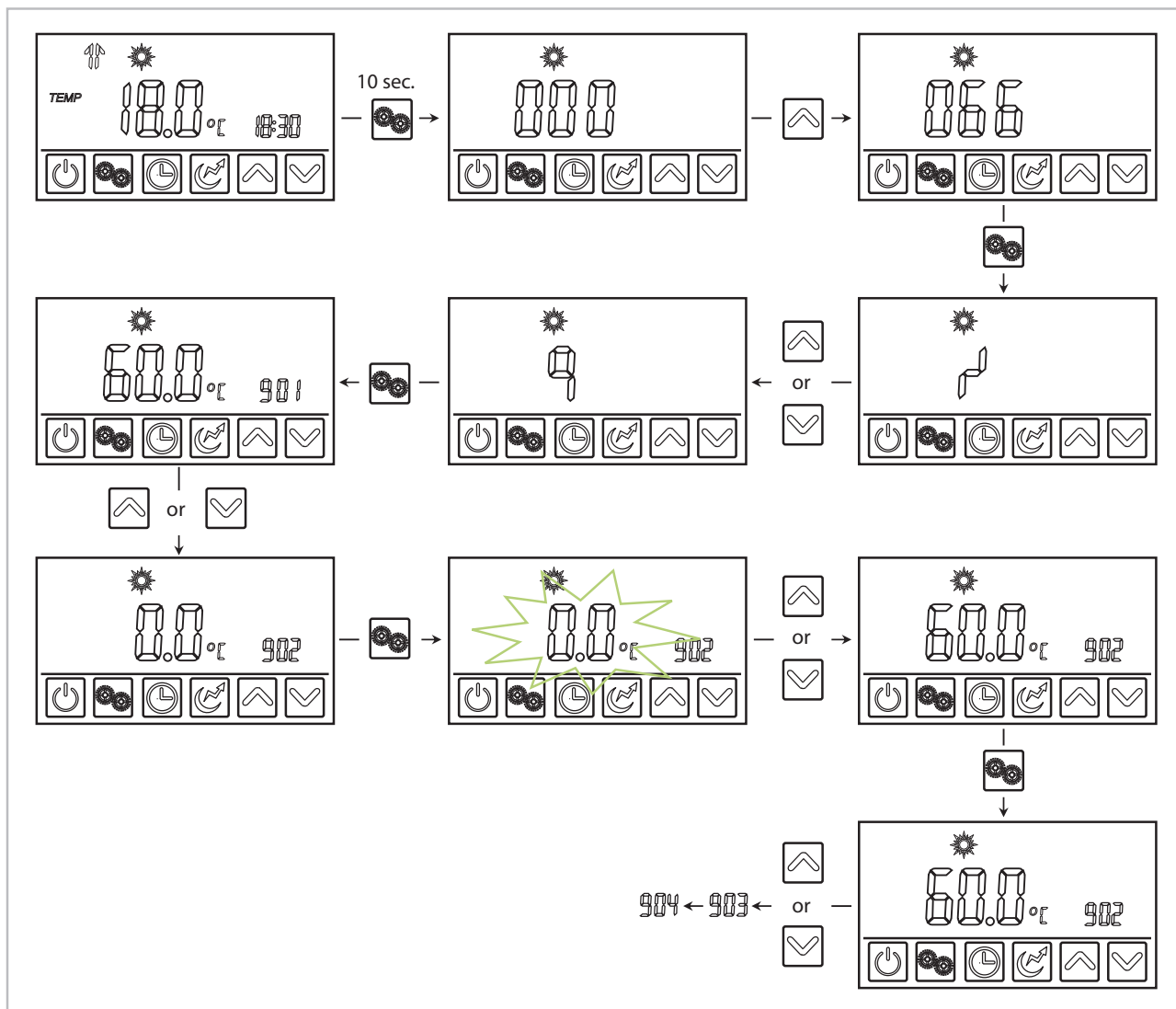


Fig. 39: Activating the legionella function

g03: The steps for changing other parameter values are the same as with the parameter "g02".

g04: Confirm the "Mode" key (B) in order to save your setting and press the "On/Off" key to return to the main menu.

NOTES

1. If, after changing the values, the "On/Off" key is pressed whilst the parameter flashes, the values will not be saved and it will jump to the top parameter.
2. After saving the settings via the "Mode" key it is possible to return to the main menu by pressing the "On/Off" key.
3. After 20 seconds the set values will be saved and the display will show the main screen.
4. To activate the legionella function, parameters "g01 to g04" must be adjusted (see 'Parameter' on page 48, no. 14 to 17).

Activating the solar function

If the REMKO RBW domestic hot water heat pump is operated in conjunction with a thermal solar plant, please note the following:

- To operate the heat pump in conjunction with max. 7.5 m² solar collector surface, once the hydraulic connection is established, it is also necessary to connect the collector probe supplied as standard. To do so, use the appropriate measuring point on your collector surface and connect the probe to the connection (Fig. 40), terminal 4. The solar collector pump is installed on terminal 2.
- Then remove the resistor, with which this connection is already equipped. This resistor should remain with the unit, to ensure emergency operation in the event of a potential malfunction. If the REMKO RBW domestic hot water heat pump is operated without the probe or resistor, an error is shown on the display.

Once installation of the thermal solar plant is complete and the collector probe has been connected, the system is ready for operation. To optimise the installed system, it is also necessary to adjust the following parameters on your system.

| Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|--|------|-----------|--------|----------------|
| Used storage tank probe solar | n | n01 | 0 | 0-bottom/1-top |
| Min. run-time solar pump | | n02 | 15 min | 1-30 min |
| Start temperature difference solar | | n03 | 5°C | 0~20 K |
| Night reduction | | n04 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| Start time night reduction | | n05 | 00 h | 00~23 h |
| End time night reduction | | n06 | 6 h | 00~23 h |
| Start temperature night reduction | | n07 | 70°C | 40~90°C |
| End temperature night reduction | | n08 | 10°C | 1~40°C |
| Max. storage tank temperature for the solar changeover valve | | n09 | 70°C | 50~90°C |
| Max. storage tank temperature solar pump stop | | n10 | 70°C | 50~90°C |
| Solar pump operation storage tank temperature-independent | | n11 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| Start collector temperature solar pump | r | r01 | 55°C | 10~60°C |

To adjust the parameters, perform the steps already described for configuring and activating the legionella function in the relevant parameter menus.

Solar changeover valve

In order to increase solar yield, you have the option to use a changeover valve to charge an additional storage tank (see example Fig. 12)

| Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|--|------|-----------|-------|---------|
| Max. storage tank temperature for the solar changeover valve | n | n10 | 70°C | 50~90°C |

To adjust the parameters for activating the changeover valve, perform the steps already described for activating the solar function in the relevant parameter menus.

REMKO RBW PV series

RBW 301 PV / RBW 301 PV-S

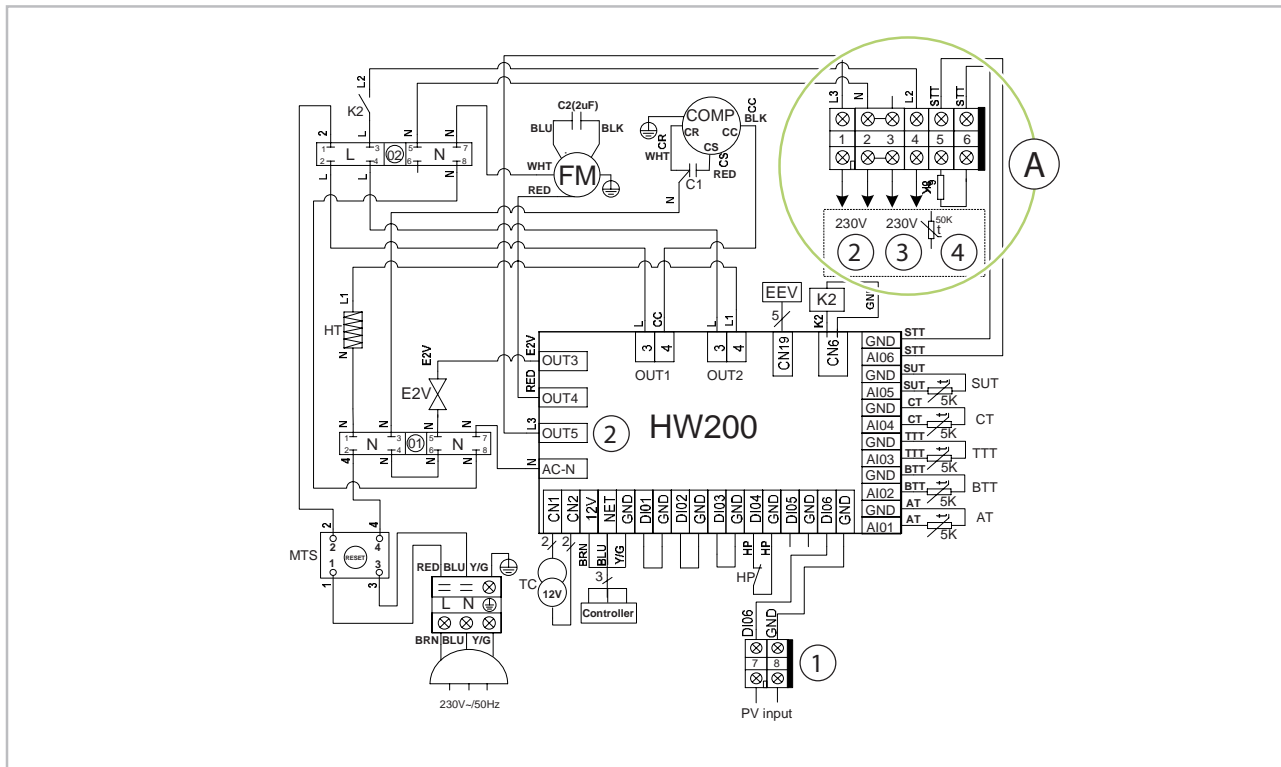


Fig. 40: Electrical drawings for domestic hot water heat pump with solar connection

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1: PV contact (potential-free) Input PV contact open = PV operation OFF Input PV contact closed = PV operation ON | 3: Solar changeover valve |
| 2: Solar pump | 4: Collector sensor |
| | A: Solar terminal block upon request, for retrofitting. Not supplied as standard! |

Activating the PV function

To operate the REMKO RBW domestic hot water heat pump in conjunction with a photovoltaic system, you have the option to use the potential-free contact (Fig. 40), terminal 1.

To optimise the installed system, the following parameters must also be adjusted on your system.

| Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|---|------|-----------|---------|------------|
| PV function | r | r02 | 0/1 | 1 |
| Setpoint with PV yield | | r14 | 45°C | 10-60°C |
| Parallel operation heat pump/heating coil | | r04 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| Switch-on temperature elec. Heating coil | | r05 | 55°C | 30~90°C |
| Switch-on delay elec. Heating coil | | r06 | 200 min | 0~450 min |

When the potential-free PV contact is closed, the RBW heat pump is activated with the corresponding PV yield. Activation of the PV function takes place directly without delay if the potential-free contact PV input (1) is closed. Enabling also takes place if the heat pump is to be locked by a time program. The auxiliary heater is only active in the individual operating modes if it has been manually enabled via the corresponding parameters (r04 to r06). With active charging of the RBW heat pump via a generated PV yield, this remains active until the set temperature at the probe below has been reached (parameter "r14" must be adjusted). The set temperature (parameter "r14") is only established through enabling via the PV contact. Without this enabling, the target temperature set for the domestic hot water (see [Chapter 10 'Operation' on page 29](#)) is always established.

If the system is in PV mode, the sun icon on the display flashes.

REMKO RBW PV series

Parameter

Parameter list (expert level)

| No. | Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|-----|--|------|-----------|--------|-----------------|
| 1 | Factory setting | / | /01 | 0 | |
| 2 | Factory setting | | /02 | 0 | |
| 3 | Factory setting | C | C01 | 0 | |
| 4 | Factory setting | | C02 | 5°C | |
| 5 | Factory setting | | C03 | 0.8 °C | |
| 6 | Factory setting | | C04 | 15 °C | |
| 7 | Start defrost temperature (evaporator) | d | d01 | -3°C | -30~0 °C |
| 8 | End defrost temperature (evaporator) | | d02 | 13°C | 2~30 °C |
| 9 | Time between defrosts | | d03 | 45 min | 30~90 min |
| 10 | Max. defrosting period | | d04 | 8 min | 1~20 min |
| 11 | Min. defrosting period Eco defrosting (recirculation defrosting) | | d05 | 3 min | 1~10 min |
| 12 | Defrosting mode 0 = recirculation, 2 = heat gas | | d06 | 0 | 0~2 |
| 13 | Ambient temp. at start of heat gas defrosting | | d07 | 4°C | -10~20 °C |
| 14 | Setpoint for legionella function | g | g01 | 60°C | 30~70 °C |
| 15 | Duration of legionella function | | g02 | 0 min | 0~90 min |
| 16 | Time start of legionella function | | g03 | 0 h | 0~23 h |
| 17 | Time interval (days) of legionella function | | g04 | 7 days | 7~99 days |
| 18 | Electronic expansion valve mode | E | E01 | 1 | Factory setting |
| 19 | Overheating temperature | | E02 | 5°C | Factory setting |
| 20 | Expansion valve initial position | | E03 | 240 | Factory setting |
| 21 | Expansion valve minimum position | | E04 | 100 | Factory setting |
| 22 | Expansion valve defrosting mode position | | E05 | 480 | Factory setting |
| 23 | Automatic restart after power failure | H | H01 | 1 | 0-no/1-yes |
| 24 | No function | | H02 | 0 | 0-no/1-yes |
| 25 | Heat source (air) | | H03 | 0 | Factory setting |
| 26 | Warm-up time after commissioning | | H04 | 1 min | Factory setting |
| 27 | Cooling function | | H05 | 0 | Factory setting |
| 28 | Cooling function duration | | H06 | 6.0 h | Factory setting |
| 29 | Temperature unit | | H07 | 0 | 0-°C/1-F |
| 30 | Factory setting | | H99 | 0 | 0-no/1-yes |

Parameter list (expert level) - continued

| No. | Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|-----|---|------|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| 31 | Used storage tank probe solar | n | n01 | 0 | 0-bottom/1-top |
| 32 | Min. run-time solar pump | | n02 | 15 min | 1-30 min |
| 33 | Start temperature difference solar | | n03 | 5° C | 0~20 °C |
| 34 | Night reduction | | n04 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| 35 | Start time night reduction | | n05 | 00 h | 00~23 h |
| 36 | End time night reduction | | n06 | 6 h | 00~23 h |
| 37 | Start temperature night reduction | | n07 | 70 °C | 40~90 °C |
| 38 | End temperature night reduction | | n08 | 10 °C | 1~40 °C |
| 39 | Max. storage tank temperature for the solar change-over valve | | n09 | 68 °C | 50~90 °C |
| 40 | Max. storage tank temperature solar pump stop | | n10 | 70 °C | 50~90 °C |
| 41 | Solar pump operation storage tank temperature-independent | | n11 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| 42 | Start collector temperature solar pump | r | r01 | 55 °C | 10~60 °C |
| 43 | PV function | | r02 | 0/1 | 1 |
| 44 | Hysteresis setpoint HW water | | r03 | 5 °C | 1~20 °C |
| 45 | Parallel operation heat pump/heating coil | | r04 | 0/no | 0-no/1-yes |
| 46 | Switch-on temperature elec. Heating coil | | r05 | 55 °C | 30~90 °C |
| 47 | Switch-on delay elec. Heating coil | | r06 | 200 min | 0~450 min |
| 48 | Elec. heating coil replaces compressor ¹⁾ | | r07 | 0 | 0-no/1-yes |
| 49 | Lower heat pump usable limit | | r08 | -5 °C | -20~10 °C |
| 50 | Bivalence point elec. heating coil without delay | | r09 | 10 °C | 0~30 °C |
| 51 | Bivalence point elec. heating coil with time delay r06 | | r10 | 25 °C | 10~40 °C |
| 52 | Circulation pump runtime | | r11 | 60 s | 0~255 s |
| 53 | Lower heat pump emergency stop usable limit | | r12 | -15 °C | -5~-30 °C |
| 54 | No function | | r13 | 56 °C | 50~56 °C |
| 55 | Setpoint with PV yield | | r14 | 45 °C | 10-60 °C |
| 56 | High temperature condenser stop temperature | | r15 | -30 °C | Factory setting |
| 57 | Minimum temperature for fan speed control | | r16 | -30 °C | Factory setting |
| 58 | Top tank probe active/inactive | | r17 | 0 | Factory setting |
| 59 | Return flow temperature increase (heating) | | r18 | 0 °C | Factory setting |
| 60 | Factory setting | | r19 | -30 °C | Factory setting |
| 61 | Factory setting | | r20 | -30 °C | Factory setting |

REMKO RBW PV series

Parameter list (expert level) - continued

| No. | Description | Code | Parameter | Value | Range |
|-----|--|------|-----------|----------------|---------|
| 62 | Removes on/off switch status | S | S01 | Status | CL/OP |
| 63 | OHP switch (over heat protection) condenser | | S02 | Status | CL/OP |
| 64 | No function | | S03 | Status | CL/OP |
| 65 | Error output high pressure alarm switch status | | S04 | Status | CL/OP |
| 66 | Switch status elec. Heating coil | | S05 | Status | CL/OP |
| 67 | No function | | S06 | Status | CL/OP |
| 68 | Ambient temperature | t | t01 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 69 | Storage tank temperature, lower | | t02 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 70 | Storage tank temperature, upper | | t03 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 71 | Evaporator temperature | | t04 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 72 | Suction gas temperature | | t05 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 73 | Collector temperature | | t06 | Measured value | -9~99°C |
| 74 | Compressor status | O | O01 | Status | on/off |
| 75 | Electric heating coil status | | O02 | Status | on/off |
| 76 | Solenoid valve for defrosting | | O03 | Status | on/off |
| 77 | Fan speed low | | O04 | Status | on/off |
| 78 | Fan speed high/ circulation pump/ solar pump | | O05 | Status | on/off |
| 79 | Operation circulation pump/solar pump | | O06 | Status | on/off |
| 80 | EEV position | | O07 | Status | 0~500 |

¹⁾After reaching the lower usable limit

Parameter list (operator level)

| No. | Description | Parameter | Value | Range |
|-----|---|-----------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | Start defrost temperature (evaporator) | d01 | -3°C | -30°C~0°C |
| 2 | End defrost temperature (evaporator) | d02 | 13°C | 2~30°C |
| 3 | Time between defrosts | d03 | 45 min | 30~90 min |
| 4 | Max. defrosting period | d04 | 8 min | 1~12 min |
| 5 | Duration of legionella function | g02 | 0 min | 0~90 min |
| 6 | Time start of legionella function | g03 | 0 h | 0~23 h |
| 7 | Time interval (days) of legionella function | g04 | 7D | 7~99 days |
| 8 | Max. storage tank temperature solar pump stop | n10 | 70°C | 50~90°C |
| 9 | Switch-on delay electr. heating coil | r06 | 200 min | 0~450 min |

Parameter description

| Parameter | Designation | Description |
|-----------|---|--|
| d01 | Start defrost temperature (evaporator) | If the evaporator temperature is < d01 then the defrosting process starts |
| d02 | End defrost temperature (evaporator) | If the evaporator temperature is > d02 then the defrosting process ends |
| d03 | Time between defrosts | This is the min. run-time of the heat pump between 2 defrosting processes |
| d04 | Max. defrosting period | Once the set time d04 lapses, defrosting ends |
| g02 | Duration of legionella function | Time of the legionella function |
| g03 | Time start of legionella function | The legionella function starts at this time |
| g04 | Time interval (days) of legionella function | The legionella function is activated at this interval (number of days) |
| n10 | Max. storage tank temperature solar pump stop | If the storage tank temperature is higher than n10, the solar pump r06 stops: Switch-on delay electrical heating coil. Upon exceeding the set run-time r06, the electrical heating coil is switched on |

REMKO RBW PV series

11 Care and maintenance

Regular care and maintenance guarantee trouble-free operation and a long service life of the heat pump.

- Check the electrical wiring
- Empty the storage tank for a heat pump shutdown. Risk of freezing!
- We recommend cleaning the storage tank regularly
- Check the function of sacrificial anode regularly
- We recommend setting the hot water temperature as low as possible, in order to ensure the most effective operation possible
- Check all parts for pressure resistance and leak-tightness. Check the refrigerant volume regularly
- To perform the statutory seal test where applicable, it is necessary to arrange an annual maintenance contract with an appropriate specialist firm.
- In the air intake of a basement laundry drying, filters should be provided and should be monitored monthly. Also note the maximum pressure loss.

12 Temporary shutdown

The system may not be switched off at the mains power supply even if the heating system is not used for heating purposes over an extended period (e.g. holidays)!

- The system is to be switched to "Stand-by" mode during temporary shutdowns.
- Heating phases can be programmed for the duration of the period of absence.
- The previous operating mode has to be switched back on when the shutdown phase is over.
- Changing the operating mode is described in the "Operation" chapter.

! NOTICE!

In "Standby" , the heat pump is in standby mode. Of the entire system, only the frost-protection function s activated.

13 Troubleshooting and customer service

13.1 Troubleshooting and customer service

The unit has been manufactured using state-of-the-art production methods and has been tested several times to ensure that it works properly. However, in the event that malfunctions should occur, the unit should be checked against the list below. Please inform your dealer if the unit is still not working correctly after all of the functional checks have been performed.

| Fault description | Cause | Remedy |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| System does not function | Power supply correct? | Switch electricity off/on and check voltage |
| | Cable connections correct? | Check connections and replace if necessary |
| | Fuse correct? | Check fuses and replace if necessary |
| High pressure fault | Excess refrigerant | Refill |
| | Condenser too hot | Reduce temperature in the storage tank |
| Low pressure alarm | Refrigerant level low | Check circuit for leaks |
| | 2. Refrigerant filter/capillary blocked | Replace filter or capillary tube |
| | Suction air temperature too cold/not present | Check air supply/temperature |
| No hot water being supplied | Shut-off cocks for water supply closed | Open shut-off cocks |
| | Water pressure too low | Increase water pressure |
| Display remains dark | Safety temperature limiter has triggered | Reduce the temperature in the storage tank |

REMKO RBW PV series

Error codes and their meanings

| Code | Error description | Cause | Remedial measures |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| P01 | Probe, storage tank bottom, defective | Defective or short-circuited. Plug-in contact not correct | Check probe resistance. Replace probe |
| P02 | Probe, storage tank top, defective | | |
| P034 | Probe, collector defective | | |
| P04 | Probe, ambient air defective | | |
| P05 | Probe, evaporator defective | | |
| P07 | Probe, suction pipe defective | | |
| E01 | High pressure fault | Refrigerant pressure is too high, pressure switch has triggered | Check pressure, water temperature too high |
| E02 | Low pressure alarm | Refrigerant pressure is too low, pressure switch has triggered | Check pressure, refrigerant deficiency |
| E03 | Overheating error | Water level too low | Check water level |
| E08 | Communication fault | Communication error between operating unit and motherboard | Cable connection, check plug-in contacts |

13.2 Resistances of the temperature sensors

NTC R-T Table (R25=5KΩ B25/50=3470K)

| Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) | Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| -30 | 63.7306 | 1 | 13.6017 |
| -29 | 60.3223 | 2 | 13.0057 |
| -28 | 57.1180 | 3 | 12.4393 |
| -27 | 54.1043 | 4 | 11.9011 |
| -26 | 51.2686 | 5 | 11.3894 |
| -25 | 48.5994 | 6 | 10.9028 |
| -24 | 46.0860 | 7 | 10.4399 |
| -23 | 43.7182 | 8 | 9.9995 |
| -22 | 41.4868 | 9 | 9.5802 |
| -21 | 39.3832 | 10 | 9.1810 |
| -20 | 37.3992 | 11 | 8.8008 |
| -19 | 35.5274 | 12 | 8.4385 |
| -18 | 33.7607 | 13 | 8.0934 |
| -17 | 32.0927 | 14 | 7.7643 |
| -16 | 30.5172 | 15 | 7.4506 |
| -15 | 29.0286 | 16 | 7.1513 |
| -14 | 27.6216 | 17 | 6.8658 |
| -13 | 26.2913 | 18 | 6.5934 |
| -12 | 25.0330 | 19 | 6.3333 |
| -11 | 23.8424 | 20 | 6.0850 |
| -10 | 22.7155 | 21 | 5.8479 |
| -9 | 21.6486 | 22 | 5.6213 |
| -8 | 20.6380 | 23 | 5.4048 |
| -7 | 19.6806 | 24 | 5.1978 |
| -6 | 18.7732 | 25 | 5.0000 |
| -5 | 17.9129 | 26 | 4.8108 |
| -4 | 17.0970 | 27 | 4.6298 |
| -3 | 16.3230 | 28 | 4.4566 |
| -2 | 15.5886 | 29 | 4.2909 |
| -1 | 14.8913 | 30 | 4.1323 |
| 0 | 14.2293 | 31 | 3.9804 |

| Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) | Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| 32 | 3.8349 | 67 | 1.1771 |
| 33 | 3.6955 | 68 | 1.1413 |
| 34 | 3.5620 | 69 | 1.1068 |
| 35 | 3.4340 | 70 | 1.0734 |
| 36 | 3.3113 | 71 | 1.0412 |
| 37 | 3.1937 | 72 | 1.0100 |
| 38 | 3.0809 | 73 | 0.9800 |
| 39 | 2.9727 | 74 | 0.9509 |
| 40 | 2.8688 | 75 | 0.9228 |
| 41 | 2.7692 | 76 | 0.8957 |
| 42 | 2.6735 | 77 | 0.8695 |
| 43 | 2.5816 | 78 | 0.8441 |
| 44 | 2.4934 | 79 | 0.8196 |
| 45 | 2.4087 | 80 | 0.7959 |
| 46 | 2.3273 | 81 | 0.7730 |
| 47 | 2.2491 | 82 | 0.7508 |
| 48 | 2.1739 | 83 | 0.7293 |
| 49 | 2.1016 | 84 | 0.7086 |
| 50 | 2.0321 | 85 | 0.6885 |
| 51 | 1.9656 | 86 | 0.6690 |
| 52 | 1.9015 | 87 | 0.6502 |
| 53 | 1.8399 | 88 | 0.6320 |
| 54 | 1.7804 | 89 | 0.6144 |
| 55 | 1.7232 | 90 | 0.5973 |
| 56 | 1.6680 | 91 | 0.5808 |
| 57 | 1.6149 | 92 | 0.5647 |
| 58 | 1.5636 | 93 | 0.5492 |
| 59 | 1.5142 | 94 | 0.5342 |
| 60 | 1.4666 | 95 | 0.5196 |
| 61 | 1.4206 | 96 | 0.5055 |
| 62 | 1.3763 | 97 | 0.4919 |
| 63 | 1.3336 | 98 | 0.4786 |
| 64 | 1.2923 | 99 | 0.4658 |
| 65 | 1.2526 | 100 | 0.4533 |
| 66 | 1.2142 | | |

REMKO RBW PV series

NTC R-T Table (R25=50.000KΩ B25/50=3950K)

| Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) | Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| -40 | 2009.2 | -6 | 232.60 |
| -39 | 1869.0 | -5 | 220.13 |
| -38 | 1739.6 | -4 | 208.40 |
| -37 | 1620.2 | -3 | 197.38 |
| -36 | 1509.8 | -2 | 187.02 |
| -35 | 1407.8 | -1 | 177.27 |
| -34 | 1313.5 | 0 | 168.10 |
| -33 | 1226.2 | 1 | 159.46 |
| -32 | 1145.3 | 2 | 151.32 |
| -31 | 1070.4 | 3 | 143.66 |
| -30 | 1001.0 | 4 | 136.43 |
| -29 | 936.58 | 5 | 129.62 |
| -28 | 876.76 | 6 | 123.19 |
| -27 | 821.21 | 7 | 117.12 |
| -26 | 769.58 | 8 | 111.39 |
| -25 | 721.58 | 9 | 105.98 |
| -24 | 676.92 | 10 | 100.87 |
| -23 | 635.35 | 11 | 96.040 |
| -22 | 596.63 | 12 | 91.470 |
| -21 | 560.55 | 13 | 87.148 |
| -20 | 526.92 | 14 | 83.057 |
| -19 | 495.54 | 15 | 79.185 |
| -18 | 466.26 | 16 | 75.519 |
| -17 | 438.91 | 17 | 72.045 |
| -16 | 413.37 | 18 | 68.754 |
| -15 | 367.69 | 19 | 65.634 |
| -14 | 367.16 | 20 | 62.676 |
| -13 | 346.26 | 21 | 59.870 |
| -12 | 326.70 | 22 | 57.207 |
| -11 | 308.38 | 23 | 54.679 |
| -10 | 291.22 | 24 | 52.279 |
| -9 | 275.13 | 25 | 50.000 |
| -8 | 260.05 | 26 | 47.834 |
| -7 | 245.89 | 27 | 45.775 |

| Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) | Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| 28 | 43.818 | 63 | 11.182 |
| 29 | 41.956 | 64 | 10.799 |
| 30 | 40.185 | 65 | 10.431 |
| 31 | 38.500 | 66 | 10.078 |
| 32 | 36.896 | 67 | 9.7393 |
| 33 | 35.368 | 68 | 9.4134 |
| 34 | 33.913 | 69 | 9.1002 |
| 35 | 32.527 | 70 | 8.7991 |
| 36 | 31.206 | 71 | 8.5096 |
| 37 | 29.947 | 72 | 8.2313 |
| 38 | 28.746 | 73 | 7.9637 |
| 39 | 27.600 | 74 | 7.7061 |
| 40 | 26.507 | 75 | 7.4584 |
| 41 | 25.464 | 76 | 7.2199 |
| 42 | 24.468 | 77 | 6.9904 |
| 43 | 23.517 | 78 | 6.7694 |
| 44 | 22.608 | 79 | 6.5566 |
| 45 | 21.740 | 80 | 6.3515 |
| 46 | 20.911 | 81 | 6.1541 |
| 47 | 20.118 | 82 | 5.9639 |
| 48 | 19.359 | 83 | 5.7805 |
| 49 | 18.634 | 84 | 5.6037 |
| 50 | 17.940 | 85 | 5.4333 |
| 51 | 17.276 | 86 | 5.2690 |
| 52 | 16.641 | 87 | 5.1105 |
| 53 | 16.032 | 88 | 4.9576 |
| 54 | 15.450 | 89 | 4.8104 |
| 55 | 14.892 | 90 | 4.6678 |
| 56 | 14.357 | 91 | 4.5304 |
| 57 | 13.845 | 92 | 4.3978 |
| 58 | 13.353 | 93 | 4.2690 |
| 59 | 12.882 | 94 | 4.1462 |
| 60 | 12.430 | 95 | 4.0268 |
| 61 | 11.997 | 96 | 3.9114 |
| 62 | 11.581 | 97 | 3.8000 |

| Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) | Temp. (°C) | Resistance (KOhm) |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 98 | 3.6923 | 110 | 2.6457 |
| 99 | 3.5887 | 111 | 2.5756 |
| 100 | 3.4876 | 112 | 2.5077 |
| 101 | 3.3903 | 113 | 2.4420 |
| 102 | 3.2978 | 114 | 2.3783 |
| 103 | 3.2052 | 115 | 2.3166 |
| 104 | 3.1172 | 116 | 2.2568 |
| 105 | 3.0320 | 117 | 2.1989 |
| 106 | 2.9497 | 118 | 2.1427 |
| 107 | 2.8699 | 119 | 2.0882 |
| 108 | 2.7927 | 120 | 2.0354 |
| 109 | 2.7180 | | |

REMKO RBW PV series

14 General view of unit and spare parts

14.1 Exploded view of the unit

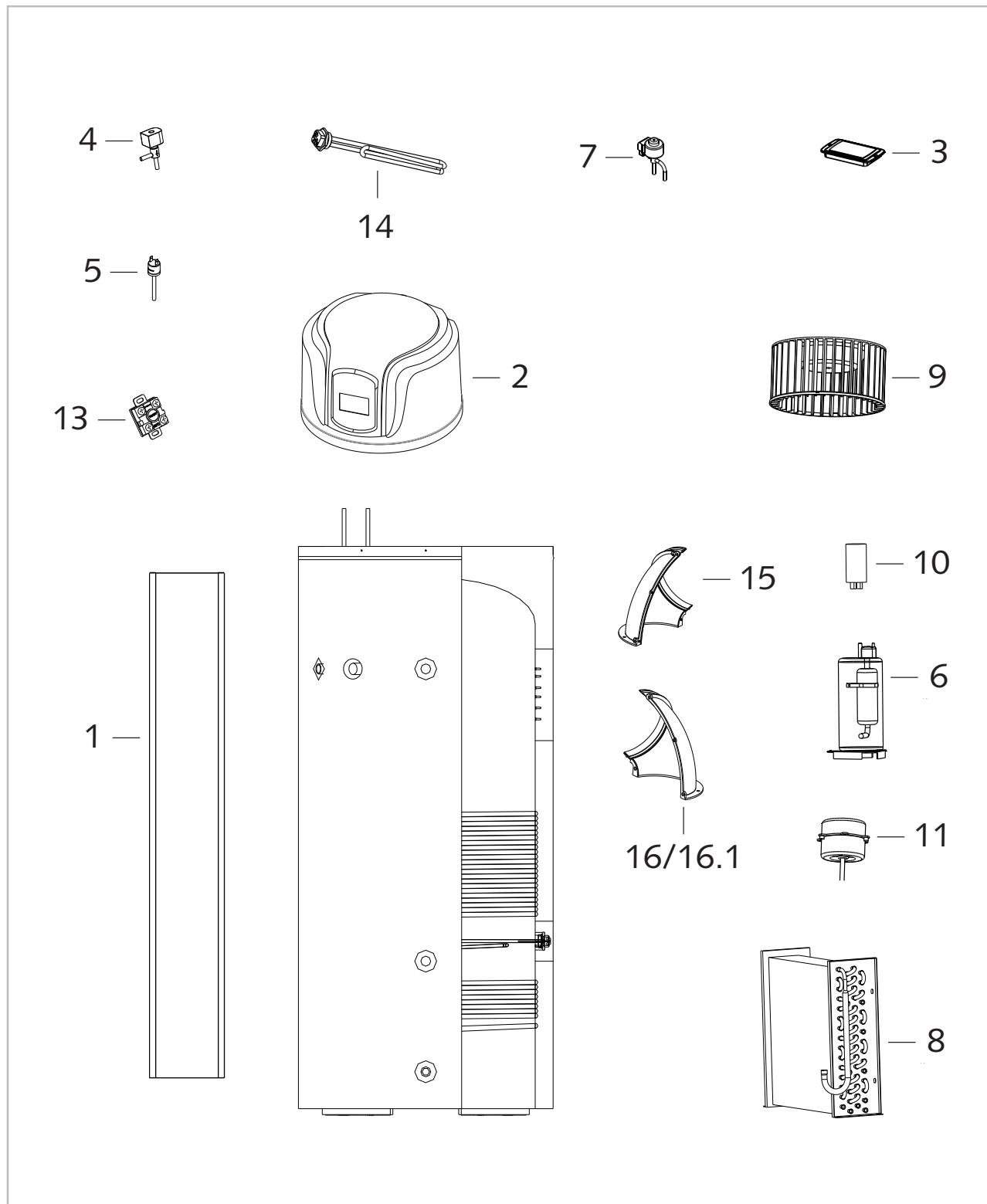


Fig. 41: Exploded view of the unit

We reserve the right to modify the dimensions and design as part of the ongoing technical development process

14.2 Spare parts list

| No. | Designation | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
|------|---|------------|--------------|
| | From serial number: | 1740N... | 1741N... |
| | | | |
| 1 | Casing, front | 1110769 | 1110769 |
| 2 | Casing, top (cover) | 1110775 | 1110775 |
| 3 | Complete operating unit including circuit board | 1110800 | 1110800 |
| 4 | Solenoid valve | 1110740 | 1110740 |
| 5 | High pressure switch | 1110771 | 1110771 |
| 6 | Compressor | 1110774 | 1110774 |
| 7 | Electronic expansion valve | 1110772 | 1110772 |
| 8 | Heat exchanger (evaporator) | 1110770 | 1110770 |
| 9 | Fan blade | 1110747 | 1110747 |
| 10 | Compressor capacitor 15 nF | 1110802 | 1110802 |
| 11 | Fan motor | 1110749 | 1110749 |
| 13 | Safety temperature limiter (STB) | 1110760 | 1110760 |
| 14 | Electrical heating coil, 1.5 kW | 1110766 | 1110766 |
| 15 | Ventilation elbow half shell (left) | 1124195 | 1124195 |
| 16 | Ventilation elbow half shell (right) | 1124196 | 1124196 |
| 16.1 | Half shell ventilation grille | 1124197 | 1124197 |

When ordering spare parts, please always state the EDP number, unit number and unit type (see name plate)!

REMKO RBW PV series

Spare parts not illustrated

| No. | Designation | RBW 301 PV | RBW 301 PV-S |
|-----|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Operating unit panel | 1110763 | 1110763 |
| | Fan motor capacitor 2 nF | 1110773 | 1110773 |
| | Transformer | 1110764 | 1110764 |
| | Magnesium anode | 1110801 | 1110801 |
| | Probe, air suction T1 | 1110746 | 1110746 |
| | Probe, water inlet T2 | 1110751 | 1110751 |
| | Probe, water outlet T3 | 1110752 | 1110752 |
| | Probe, heat exchanger T4 | 1110753 | 1110753 |
| | Probe, suction pipe T5 | 1110745 | 1110745 |
| | Collector sensor T6 | --- | 1110755 |
| | Air guidance unit outlet | 1110791 | 1110791 |
| | Suction gas probe | 1110803 | 1110803 |
| | Air guidance unit inlet | 1110804 | 1110804 |
| | Casing (front) | 1110769 | 1110769 |
| | Electronics module panel (casing) | 1110765 | 1110765 |
| | Display panel (frame) | 1110757 | 1110757 |
| | Solenoid valve | 1110740 | 1110740 |

When ordering spare parts, please always state the EDP number, unit number and unit type (see name plate)!

15 Index

A

| | |
|-------------------|--------|
| Air connections | 12, 19 |
| Average condition | 9 |
| Avoid heat losses | 21 |

C

| | |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| Charging with a second heat generator | 21 |
| Circuit diagrams | 27 |
| Commissioning | 28 |
| Condensate water drain | 22 |
| Connection of the power PCB | 26 |
| Control logic | 28 |
| COP | 8 |
| Corrosion protection | 14 |

D

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Disposal of equipment | 6 |
|-----------------------|---|

E

| | |
|--------------------------|----|
| Electrical drawings | 27 |
| Electrical wiring | 26 |
| Environmental protection | 6 |

F

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| Function of the hot water heat pump | 13 |
| Functions of the operating unit | 29 |

H

| | |
|-------------------------------|----|
| Heat exchanger, integrated | 8 |
| Heating capacity | 8 |
| Hydraulic connection | 23 |
| Hydraulic connection drawings | 23 |

I

| | |
|---------------------------|----|
| Installation | 21 |
| Integrated heat exchanger | 8 |
| Intended use | 5 |

M

| | |
|-------------------|----|
| Minimum distances | 18 |
|-------------------|----|

O

| | |
|----------------------|----|
| Operating unit | 29 |
| Ordering spare parts | 59 |

P

| | |
|--|--------|
| Pipe connections | 10, 11 |
| Power PCB, connections | 26 |
| Pressure reducer | 21 |
| Product description | 13 |
| Propellant in accordance with Kyoto Protocol | 8 |

R

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| Resistances | |
| Temperature sensors | 55, 56 |

S

| | |
|---|----|
| Safety | |
| Dangers of failure to observe the safety | |
| notes | 4 |
| General | 4 |
| Identification of notes | 4 |
| Notes for inspection | 5 |
| Notes for installation | 5 |
| Notes for maintenance | 5 |
| Personnel qualifications | 4 |
| Safety notes for the operator | 5 |
| Safety-conscious working | 4 |
| Unauthorised modification | 5 |
| Unauthorised replacement part manufacture | 5 |
| Safety valve | 21 |
| Sanitary connection | 21 |
| Sanitary installation | 21 |
| Set-up | 18 |
| Symbol functions of the operating unit | 30 |
| Symbols | 30 |
| System layout | 17 |

T

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| Temperature sensors | |
| Resistances | 55, 56 |

U

| | |
|------------------|--------|
| Unit description | 13 |
| Unit dimensions | 10, 11 |

W

| | |
|----------|---|
| Warranty | 5 |
|----------|---|

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REMKO GmbH & Co. KG
Klima- und Wärmetechnik

Im Seelenkamp 12
32791 Lage

Telephone +49 (0) 5232 606-0
Telefax +49 (0) 5232 606-260

E-mail info@remko.de
URL www.remko.de

Hotline within Germany
+49 (0) 5232 606-0

Hotline International
+49 (0) 5232 606-130

